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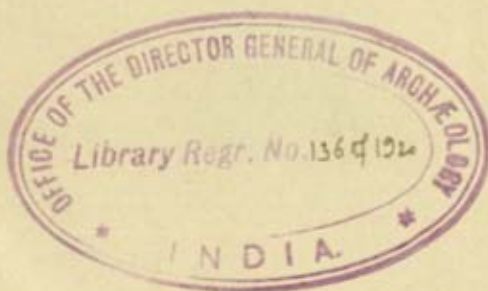


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MADRAS DISTRICT GAZETTEERS.

MADURA.

VOLUME II.



PRICE, 1 rupee.]

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MADRAS DISTRICT GAZETTEERS.

STATISTICAL APPENDIX

FOR

MADURA DISTRICT.

30523



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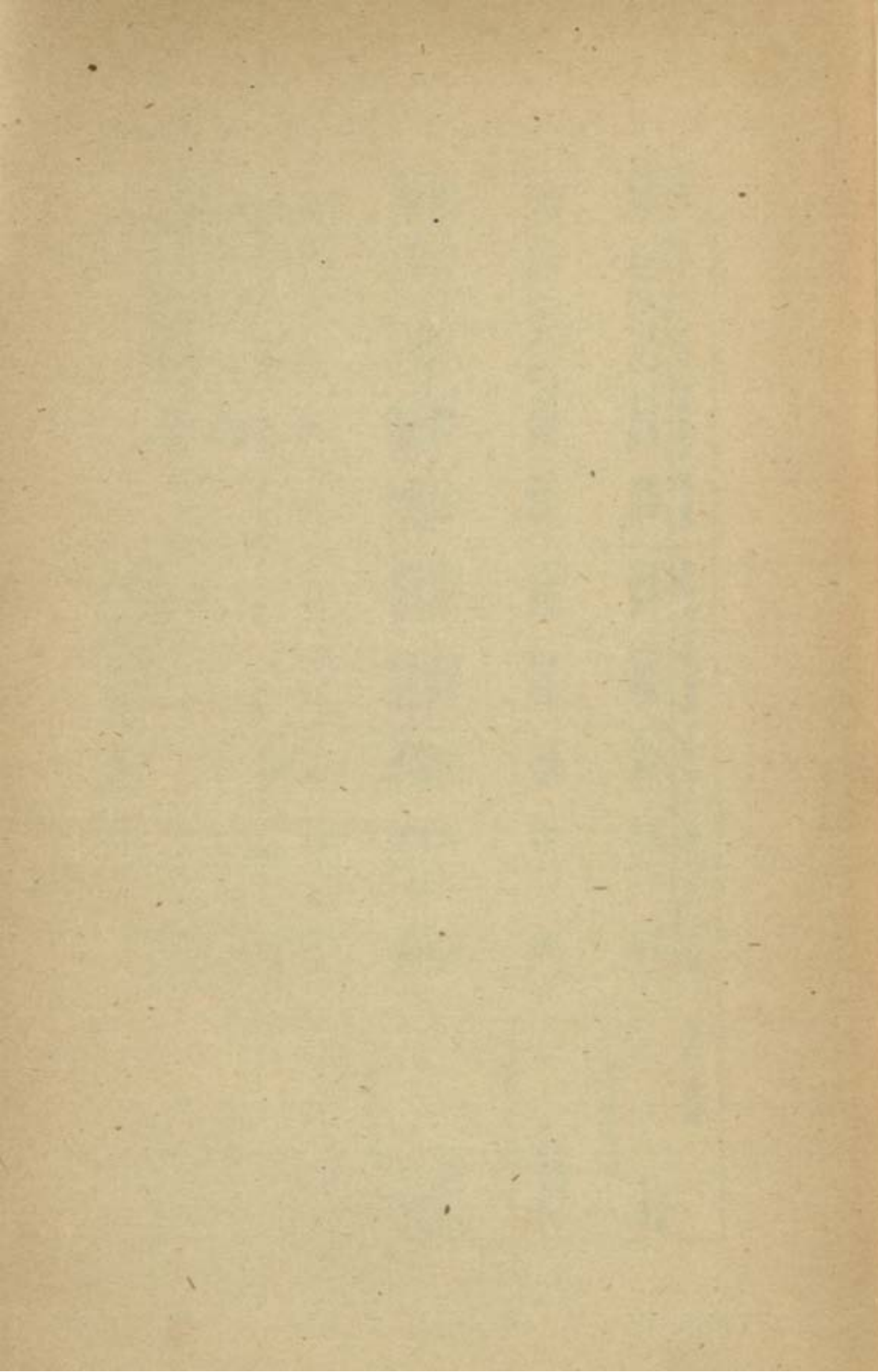
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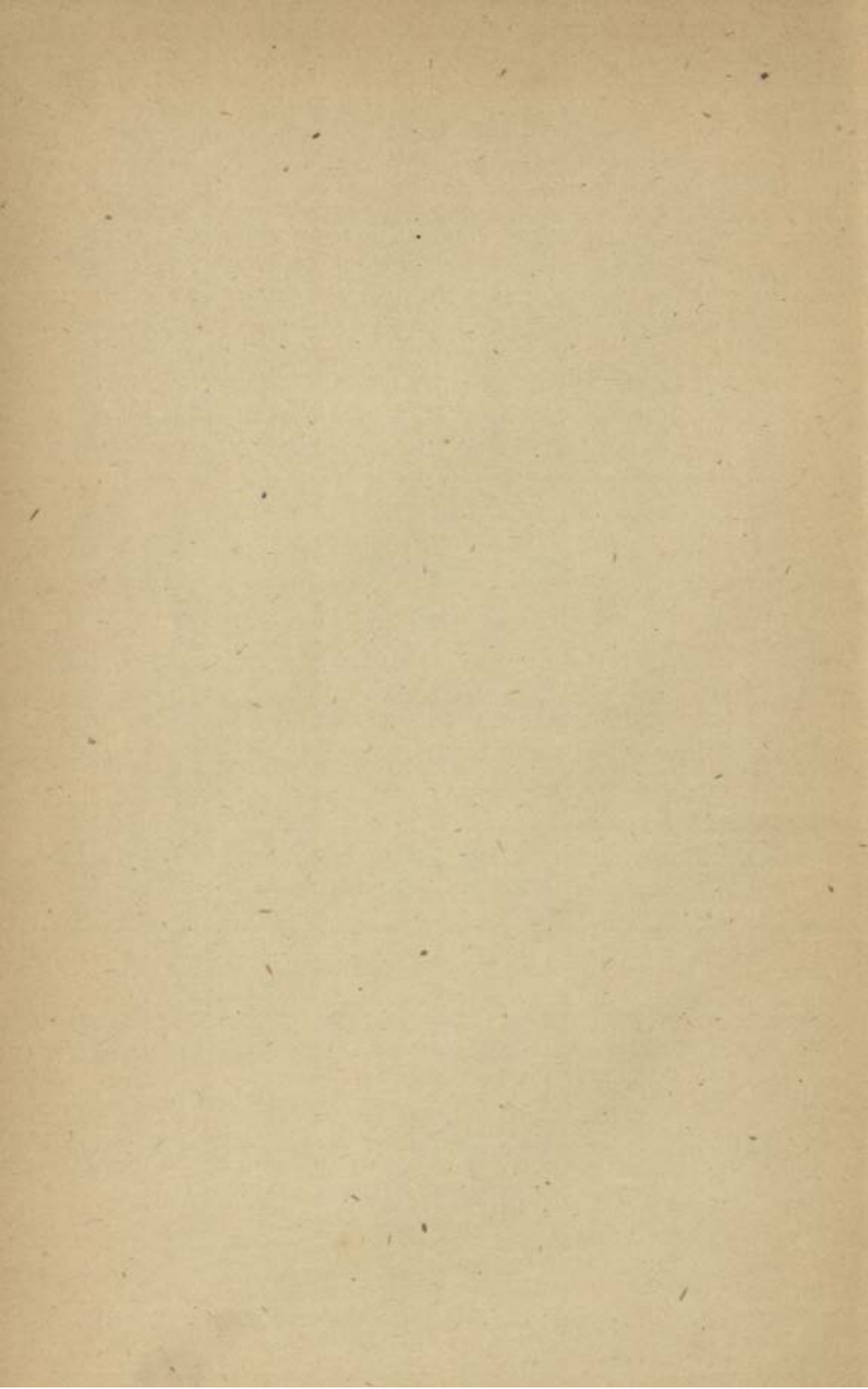
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* These tables are *nil*.





I.—Area, Population, etc., in 1911.

Locality.	Area in square miles.	Number of			Population.			Population (both sexes) in 1901.	Percentage of variation (of population) in		Density of population per square mile, 1911.	
		Towns.	Villages.	Occupied houses.	Total.	Males.	Females.		1891—1901.	1901—1911.		
												(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
DINDIGUL DIVISION.												
Dindigul	890	1	153	67,934	379,186	186,000	193,186	336,789	+ 10·6	+ 12·6	426
Palai	562	1	116	43,896	220,149	106,370	113,779	214,972	+ 10·2	+ 2·4	398
Nilakottai	411	1	138	83,926	159,262	97,415	101,847	178,255	+ 11·8	+ 11·8	485
Kodaikanal	403	1	15	4,937	21,961	11,247	10,714	19,677	+ 7·1	+ 11·6	54
USILAMPATTI DIVISION.												
Tirumangalam	745	1	277	53,271	311,823	153,792	158,031	265,396	+ 0·3	+ 17·5	419
Periyakulam	1,117	3	88	63,991	365,160	178,837	186,323	320,098	+ 21·6	+ 14·1	327
MELUR DIVISION.												
Madura	267	1	210	44,029	263,780	130,139	133,641	223,620	+ 18·7	+ 18·0	983
Melur	484	2	100	37,112	171,511	82,506	89,005	154,381	+ 3·9	+ 11·1	354
District Total	4,916	11	1,097	348,196	1,932,832	946,806	986,026	1,713,188	+ 11·1	+ 12·8	393

II.—Variation in Population since 1891.

Towns.	Population.			Percentage of variation of population.	
(1)	1911.	1901.	1891.	1891-1901.	1901-1911.
(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	
The whole district.	1,932,832	1,713,188	1,542,245	11.1	12.8
DINDIGUL TALUK.					
Dindigul * ...	25,052	25,182	20,203	24.6	-0.5
PALNI TALUK.					
Palni ...	13,211	17,168	16,940	1.3	-23.0
NILAKKOTTAI TALUK.					
Solavandan ...	12,419	13,556	10,108	34.1	-8.4
KODAIKANAL TALUK.					
Kodaikanal * ...	2,906	1,912	1,743	9.7	52.0
TIRUMANGALAM TALUK.					
Tirumangalam ...	9,810	8,894	7,616	16.8	10.6
PERIYAKULAM TALUK.					
Bodinayakkanur ...	20,183	22,209	17,570	26.4	-9.1
Periyakulam * ...	18,715	17,960	16,363	9.8	4.2
Uttamapalayam ...	8,702	10,009	8,183	22.3	-13.1
MADURA TALUK.					
Madura * ...	134,130	105,984	87,428	21.2	26.5
MELUR TALUK.					
Melur ...	9,972	10,100	8,577	17.8	-1.3
Nattam ...	7,111	7,796	7,162	8.9	-8.8

* Represents a Municipal Town.

III.—Roads.

1911-12	Mileage of roads maintained.		
...	Total.	Metalled.	Unmetalled.
...	922	844	78

N.B.—The territorial limits of the district were revised in 1910.

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52	Chapter LI	1
53	Chapter LII	1
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Table showing the results of the 1901 Census

District	Population			Percentage of Total	
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
London	1,234,567	1,234,567	2,469,134	51.2	48.8
Manchester	567,890	567,890	1,135,780	49.5	50.5
Birmingham	456,789	456,789	913,578	50.1	49.9
Edinburgh	345,678	345,678	691,356	50.3	49.7
Glasgow	234,567	234,567	469,134	50.5	49.5
Cardiff	123,456	123,456	246,912	50.7	49.3
Sheffield	212,345	212,345	424,690	50.9	49.1
Leeds	198,765	198,765	397,530	51.1	48.9
Nottingham	187,654	187,654	375,308	51.3	48.7
Coventry	176,543	176,543	353,086	51.5	48.5
Southampton	165,432	165,432	330,864	51.7	48.3
Reading	154,321	154,321	308,642	51.9	48.1
Exeter	143,210	143,210	286,420	52.1	47.9
Bristol	132,109	132,109	264,218	52.3	47.7
Bath	121,098	121,098	242,196	52.5	47.5
Gloucester	110,987	110,987	221,974	52.7	47.3
Swansea	109,876	109,876	219,752	52.9	47.1
Cardigan	98,765	98,765	197,530	53.1	46.9
St. David's	87,654	87,654	175,308	53.3	46.7
St. David's	76,543	76,543	153,086	53.5	46.5
St. David's	65,432	65,432	130,864	53.7	46.3
St. David's	54,321	54,321	108,642	53.9	46.1
St. David's	43,210	43,210	86,420	54.1	45.9
St. David's	32,109	32,109	64,218	54.3	45.7
St. David's	21,098	21,098	42,196	54.5	45.5
St. David's	10,987	10,987	21,974	54.7	45.3
St. David's	9,876	9,876	19,752	54.9	45.1
St. David's	8,765	8,765	17,530	55.1	44.9
St. David's	7,654	7,654	15,308	55.3	44.7
St. David's	6,543	6,543	13,086	55.5	44.5
St. David's	5,432	5,432	10,864	55.7	44.3
St. David's	4,321	4,321	8,642	55.9	44.1
St. David's	3,210	3,210	6,420	56.1	43.9
St. David's	2,109	2,109	4,218	56.3	43.7
St. David's	1,098	1,098	2,196	56.5	43.5
St. David's	987	987	1,974	56.7	43.3
St. David's	876	876	1,752	56.9	43.1
St. David's	765	765	1,530	57.1	42.9
St. David's	654	654	1,308	57.3	42.7
St. David's	543	543	1,086	57.5	42.5
St. David's	432	432	864	57.7	42.3
St. David's	321	321	642	57.9	42.1
St. David's	210	210	420	58.1	41.9
St. David's	109	109	218	58.3	41.7
St. David's	98	98	196	58.5	41.5
St. David's	87	87	174	58.7	41.3
St. David's	76	76	152	58.9	41.1
St. David's	65	65	130	59.1	40.9
St. David's	54	54	108	59.3	40.7
St. David's	43	43	86	59.5	40.5
St. David's	32	32	64	59.7	40.3
St. David's	21	21	42	59.9	40.1
St. David's	10	10	20	60.1	39.9
St. David's	9	9	18	60.3	39.7
St. David's	8	8	16	60.5	39.5
St. David's	7	7	14	60.7	39.3
St. David's	6	6	12	60.9	39.1
St. David's	5	5	10	61.1	38.9
St. David's	4	4	8	61.3	38.7
St. David's	3	3	6	61.5	38.5
St. David's	2	2	4	61.7	38.3
St. David's	1	1	2	61.9	38.1

Table showing the results of the 1901 Census

Table showing the results of the 1901 Census

IV.—List of Travellers' Bungalows.

Serial number.	Taluks and stations.	By whom maintained.	Nearest railway station, if any, and the distance from it.	Nature of accommodation.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
	DINDIGUL DIVISION.			
	<i>Dindigul Taluk.</i>			
1	Palaganattu ...	L.F.D.	Dindigul, 15 miles.	Terraced roof, two halls, two side rooms, two bath rooms, partly furnished, kitchen and stables attached.
2	Shempatti ...	Do.	Kodaikanal road, 9 miles.	One hall, two side rooms, two bath rooms, partly furnished, kitchen and stables attached.
3	Eriyodu ...	Do.	Vadamadura, 6 miles.	Do. do.
4	Kanavaypatti ...	F.D.	Dindigul, 14 miles.	Tiled roof, living rooms two, dining room one, bath rooms two, kitchens two, stables two.
5	Ayyalur ...	Do.	Ayyalur, 1 furlong.	Tiled roof, living rooms two, bath rooms two, kitchens two, stables two.
6	Senkundy ...	Do.	Vadamadura, 7 miles.	Tiled roof, living room one, bath room one, kitchen one, stables two.
7	Kopposami Malai	Do.	Vadamadura, 13 miles.	Tiled roof, living room one, bath room one, kitchen one, stables two.
	<i>Palni Taluk.</i>			
8	Palni ...	L.F.D.	Dindigul, 36 miles.	Terraced and tiled roof, one hall, side rooms two, bath rooms two, partly furnished, kitchen and stables attached.
9	Yirapakshi ...	F.D.	Dindigul, 22 miles.	Tiled roof, living room one, dining room one, bath room one, kitchen one, godown one, stables two.
	<i>Nilakottai Taluk</i>			
10	Peranai ...	P.W.D.	Kodaikanal road, 9 miles. Solavandan, 9 miles.	Partly tiled roof and partly terraced, dining room one, bath rooms three, kitchen one, with godowns and stables.
11	Andipatti...	Do.	Solavandan, 3 miles.	Tiled roof, large room one, dressing rooms two, bath rooms two, kitchen one, with godowns and stables.

IV.—List of Travellers' Bungalows—*cont.*

Serial number.	Taluk and stations.	By whom maintained.	Nearest railway station, if any, and the distance from it.	Nature of accommodation.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
	DINDIGUL DIVISION— <i>cont.</i>			
	Nilakottai Taluk— <i>cont.</i>			
12	Mettupatti ...	P.W.D.	Madura junction, 11 miles.	Tiled roof, living rooms two, bath rooms two, kitchen one, with godowns and stables.
13	Ammayanayakanur.	L.F.D.	Kodaikanal road, $\frac{1}{2}$ furlong.	One bungalow with living rooms two, bath rooms three, and another bungalow with two rooms and two bath rooms, all in one compound. Kitchen and stables attached. The bungalow is furnished and meals can at any time be arranged with the butler who lives in the bungalow compound.
14	Solavandan ...	L.F.D.	Solavandan, a mile.	Hall one, side rooms two, bath rooms two, partly furnished, kitchen and stables attached.
15	Batlagundu ...	Do.	Kodaikanal road, 12 miles.	Do. do.
	Kodaikanal Taluk.			
16	Marianshola ...	F.D.	Kodaikanal road, 63 miles.	Corrugated iron roof, living room one, bath room one, kitchen one, stable one.
17	Machur ...	Do.	Kodaikanal road, 38 miles.	Tiled roof, living room one, bath room one, kitchen one, stable one.
18	Kukkal ...	Do.	Kodaikanal road, 62 miles.	Corrugated iron sheet roof, living rooms two, bath rooms two, kitchen one, godown one and stable one.
19	Kavunji ...	Do.	Kodaikanal road, 63 miles.	Do. do.
20	Vandaveranshola.	Do.	Kodaikanal road, 73 miles.	Corrugated iron sheet roof with a verandah, living rooms two, bath rooms two, kitchen one, godown one, stable one.
21	Pambarai ...	Do.	Kodaikanal road, 54 miles.	Corrugated iron sheet roof, living rooms two, bath rooms two, kitchen room one, stable one.

IV.—List of Travellers' Bungalows—*cont.*

Serial number.	Taluks and stations.	By whom maintained.	Nearest railway station, if any, and the distance from it.	Nature of accommodation.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
	DINDIGUL DIVISION— <i>cont.</i> Kodaikanal Taluk— <i>cont.</i>			
22	Tandikkudi ...	F.D.	Kodaikanal road, 32 miles.	Calient tiled roof, living rooms two, dining room one, bath rooms two, kitchen one, godown one, stable one.
23	Pachchalur ...	Do.	Dindigul, 35 miles.	Corrugated iron roof with ceiling with planks inside, living room one, bath room one, kitchen one, godown one.
24	Pulattur ...	Do.	Kodaikanal road, 24 miles.	Corrugated iron roof with ceiling with planks inside, living rooms two, bath rooms two, kitchen one, godown, stable one.
	USILAMPATTI DIVISION. Tirumangalam Taluk.			
25	Tirumangalam ...	L.F.D.	Tirumangalam, $\frac{1}{2}$ furlong.	Large rooms two, bath rooms two, with kitchen and tables, partly furnished.
26	Kallupatti ...	Do.	Tirumangalam, 12 miles.	Rooms two, bath room one, partly furnished.
27	Chekanoorani ...	Do.	Madura, 10 miles.	Hall one, side rooms two, bath rooms two, partly furnished, kitchen and stables attached.
28	Usilampatti ...	Do.	Tirumangalam, 19 miles.	Do. do.
	Periyakulam Taluk.			
29	Periyur ...	P.W.D.	Kodaikanal road, 84 miles.	Corrugated iron roof, living rooms two, dining room one, bath rooms two, kitchen one, godown one.
30	Thekkadi I. ...	Do.	Kodaikanal road, 77 miles.	Corrugated iron roof, living rooms two, bath rooms two, kitchen one, godowns and stables.

IV.—List of Travellers' Bungalows—*cont.*

Serial number.	Taluk and stations.	By whom maintained.	Nearest railway station, if any, and the distance from it.	Nature of accommodation.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
	USILAMPATTI Division— <i>cont.</i> Periyakulam Taluk— <i>cont.</i>			
31	Thekkadi II (another small bungalow).	P.W.D.	Kodaikanal road, 77 miles.	Corrugated iron roof, dining room one, bath room one.
32	Gudalur ...	Do.	Kodaikanal road, 70 miles.	Tiled roof, living rooms two, bath rooms two with kitchen, godown and stables.
33	Uttamapalsaiyam.	Do.	Kodaikanal road, 56 miles.	Tiled roof, hall one, living rooms two, bath rooms two, with kitchen, godowns and stables.
24	Virapandi ..	Do.	Kodaikanal road, 41 miles.	Tiled roof, living room one, bath rooms two with godowns, kitchen and stables.
35	Krishnama Nayak's tope.	L.F.D.	Kodaikanal road, 32 miles.	One hall, bed rooms two, bath rooms two.
36	Kodaikanal ...	Do.	Kodaikanal road, 43 miles.	One hall, side rooms two in front and rear, verandahs, also out-houses.
37	Devadanapatti ...	F.D.	Kodaikanal road, 19 miles.	Calicut tiled roof, living room one, bath rooms, kitchen one.
38	Vannathiparai ...	Do.	Kodaikanal road, 75 miles.	Line roofing, living room one, dining room one, bath room one.
39	Cumbam ...	Do.	Kodaikanal road, 62 miles.	Tiled roof with front and side verandahs and with a platform for pitching tents, living room one, dining room one, bath rooms two, side room one, kitchen one, stable one.
40	Kombai ...	Do.	Kodaikanal road, 59 miles.	Terraced roof, hall one, with a verandah and room.
41	Theni. ...	Do.	Kodaikanal road, 37 miles.	Tiled roof, with verandah and tiled porch in front of the building for office and with a platform for pitching tents, living room one, dining room one, bath room one, store room one, kitchen one, stables three.

IV.—List of Travellers' Bungalows—*cont.*

Serial number.	Taluka and station.	By whom maintained.	Nearest railway station, if any, and the distance from it.	Nature of accommodation.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
	USILAMPATTI DIVISION— <i>cont.</i>			
	<i>Periyakulam Taluk—cont.</i>			
42	Periyakulam ...	F.D.	Kodaikanal road, 29 miles.	Terraced roof with verandah in front, kitchen one, godown one, stables two.
43	Pachakamachi or Chinna Chevili.	Do.	Kodaikanal road, 45 miles.	Zinc roofing, living rooms two, bath rooms two, godowns three.
44	Rajagopalanpatti.	Do.	Madura, 34 miles.	Tiled roof with front and side verandahs, main room one, dining room one, bath rooms two, godowns two, stables two.
	MELUR DIVISION.			
	<i>Madura Taluk.</i>			
45	Kallandiri ...	P.W.D.	Madura Junction, 10 miles.	Tiled roof, living rooms two, dressing rooms two, bath rooms two, kitchen one, godowns and stables.
46	Chittampatti ...	Do.	Madura Junction, 9 miles.	Tiled roof, living rooms two, central hall one, bath rooms two, kitchen one, godowns and stables.
47	Idaiyapatti ...	Do.	Madura Junction, 11 miles.	Tiled roof, living rooms two, bath rooms two with kitchen, godowns and stables.
48	Madura Town ...	Madura Municipality.	Madura Junction, 1 miles.	Accommodates six families, terraced, furnished and equipped.
49	Munnur	F.D.	Madura Junction, 11 miles.	Tiled roof, living rooms two, dining room one, bath rooms two, kitchen one, stable one.
	<i>Melur Taluk.</i>			
50	Melur ...	P.W.D.	Madura Junction, 18 miles.	Arched roof, living rooms two, bath rooms two, kitchen, godowns and stables.
51	Palippatti ...	Do.	Madura Junction, 21 miles.	Tiled roof, living room one, bath rooms two, dressing rooms two with kitchen, godowns and stables.

IV.—List of Travellers' Bungalows—*cont.*

Serial number.	Taluks and stations.	By whom maintained.	Nearest railway station, if any, and the distance from it.	Nature of accommodation.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
	MELUR DIVISION— <i>cont.</i>			
	Melur Taluk— <i>cont.</i>			
52	Kottampatti ...	L.F.D.	Manaparai, 18 miles.	Large rooms two, bath rooms two, kitchen one, partly furnished.
53	Nattam ...	Do.	Madura, 23 miles. Dindigul, 22 miles.	Large rooms two, side rooms two, bath rooms two, partly furnished.
54	Pudur (Vembarali).	F.D.	Madura, 13 miles.	Tiled roof, living rooms two, dining room one, bath rooms two, kitchen one, stables two godown one.
55	Arukkampatti ...	Do.	Madura, 24 miles.	Tiled roof, living room one, bath rooms two, kitchen one, stables two.
56	Sendurai ...	Do.	Ayyalur, 11 miles.	Tiled roof, living room one, bath room one, kitchen one, stables two.
57	Pillaiyarnattam ...	Do.	Ayyalur, 11 miles.	Tiled roof, living rooms two, bath rooms three, kitchen one, stables two.

Charges payable per diem.

Bungalows under Public Works Department.—For a single day of 24 hours for a single person, 8 annas; for a married couple 12 annas. A day's fee will be charged for an occupation of 24 hours or less; half a day's fee for a halt exceeding 3 hours and less than 12 hours in a day; for halt of 3 hours or less, a fee of 4 annas; for the occupation of stable, 4 annas. When the bungalow is also occupied, there is no extra charge for the stable.

Bungalows under Forest Department.—For an occupation of one day, for a single person 8 annas; for a family, 12 annas; for an occupation of over 12 hours and less than 24 hours for a single person, 4 annas; for a family, 6 annas; for an occupation of 3 hours or less for a single person, 4 annas. For stables, 4 annas. For full fees the occupier can pitch tents without extra charge. For pitching tents alone, half the fee.

Bungalows under Local Fund Department.—For an occupation of 4 hours and less, 5 annas for a single person, except at Kodaikanal where it is 12 annas; for a married couple, 12 annas except at Ammayanayakkanur, Krishnama Nayak's tope and Kodaikanal where it is Re. 1. For an occupation of more than 4 hours up to a limit of 24 hours 8 annas for a single person, 12 annas for a married couple, except at Ammayanayakkanur and Krishnama Nayak's tope where it is Re. 1 for a single person and Rs. 1-8-0 for a married couple and at Kodaikanal it is Rs. 1 8-0 for a single person and Rs. 2 for a married couple. For children under twelve years travelling with parents or guardian no charge.

Madura Town Bungalow under the Madura Municipality.—For a single person for 24 hours or less, Re. 1 and for a married couple Rs. 2. No charge for boys and girls under 12 years of age, nor for the use of the stables for one vehicle or cart or for its animal or animals. Full fees for boys and girls above that age and half the fee for any additional vehicle or cart and for its animal or animals. Any traveller occupying the compound with tents for residential purposes should pay half the fees due to the bungalow per diem. If with vehicles or carts and the animals employed in their draught with additional tents, baggage of tents, etc., a fee of 8 annas per day for each vehicle or cart and the animal or animals for each additional tent, for baggage of tents, etc.

V.—Religions in 1911.

Taluka.	Hindus.			Musalmans.			Christians.			Others.		
(1)	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
DINDIGUL DIVISION.												
Dindigul	333,891	164,072	169,819	15,682	7,521	8,161	29,311	14,405	15,206	2	2	...
Palni	208,037	100,735	107,302	11,028	5,101	5,927	1,083	533	550	1	1	...
Nilakkottai	188,748	92,254	96,494	3,962	1,967	1,995	6,552	3,194	3,358	...	...	...
Kodakanal	19,880	10,079	9,801	307	204	103	1,774	964	810	...	...	...
USILAMPATTI DIVISION.												
Tirumangalam	304,689	150,238	154,451	4,616	2,244	2,372	2,518	1,310	1,208	...	...	...
Periyakulam	340,643	166,804	173,839	14,930	7,258	7,672	9,657	4,775	4,812	...	...	...
MELUR DIVISION.												
Madura	240,191	118,433	121,758	15,431	7,653	7,778	8,150	4,045	4,105	8	8	...
Melur	159,674	76,700	82,974	10,602	5,216	5,386	1,235	590	645	...	...	...
District Total ...	1,795,753	879,315	916,438	76,558	37,164	39,394	60,510	29,816	30,694	11	11	...

VI.—Vital Statistics.

Taluka.	Ratio per 1,000 of population of					
	Births.			Deaths.		
	1910.	1911.	1912.	1910.	1911.	1912.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
<i>Dindigul Division.</i>						
Dindigul	31	30	28	17	19	18
Palni	34	33	31	21	25	24
Nilakkottai	16	31	29	9	24	20
Kodaikanal	33	31	27	22	32	24
<i>Usilampatti Division.</i>						
Tirumangalam	31	29	27	16	20	18
Periyakulam	28	28	26	13	18	14
<i>Melur Division.</i>						
Madura	33	26	24	27	29	22
Melur	23	25	21	19	21	20
<i>TOWN CIRCLES.</i>						
<i>Municipal Towns.</i>						
Madura	29	34	39	27	38	30
Dindigul	46	42	49	35	34	33
Palni	41	36	54	46	46	50
Periyakulam	48	43	42	31	48	29
Kodaikanal	38	41	32	21	24	17
<i>Other Towns.</i>						
Melur	21	19	24	29	13	18
Tirumangalam	28	31	25	19	37	22
Uthamapalayam	48	40	39	20	25	20
Bodinayakanur	20	15	14	11	11	11
Solavandan	*	6	24	*	8	26
Nattam	*	21	36	*	18	31
Total for the District ...	29	30	28	18	23	20

* Separate figures are not available as they are treated as towns only after the census of 1911.

NOTE.—(1) This table includes the statistics relating to Europeans and Eurasians.

(2) The territorial limits of the district were revised in 1910.

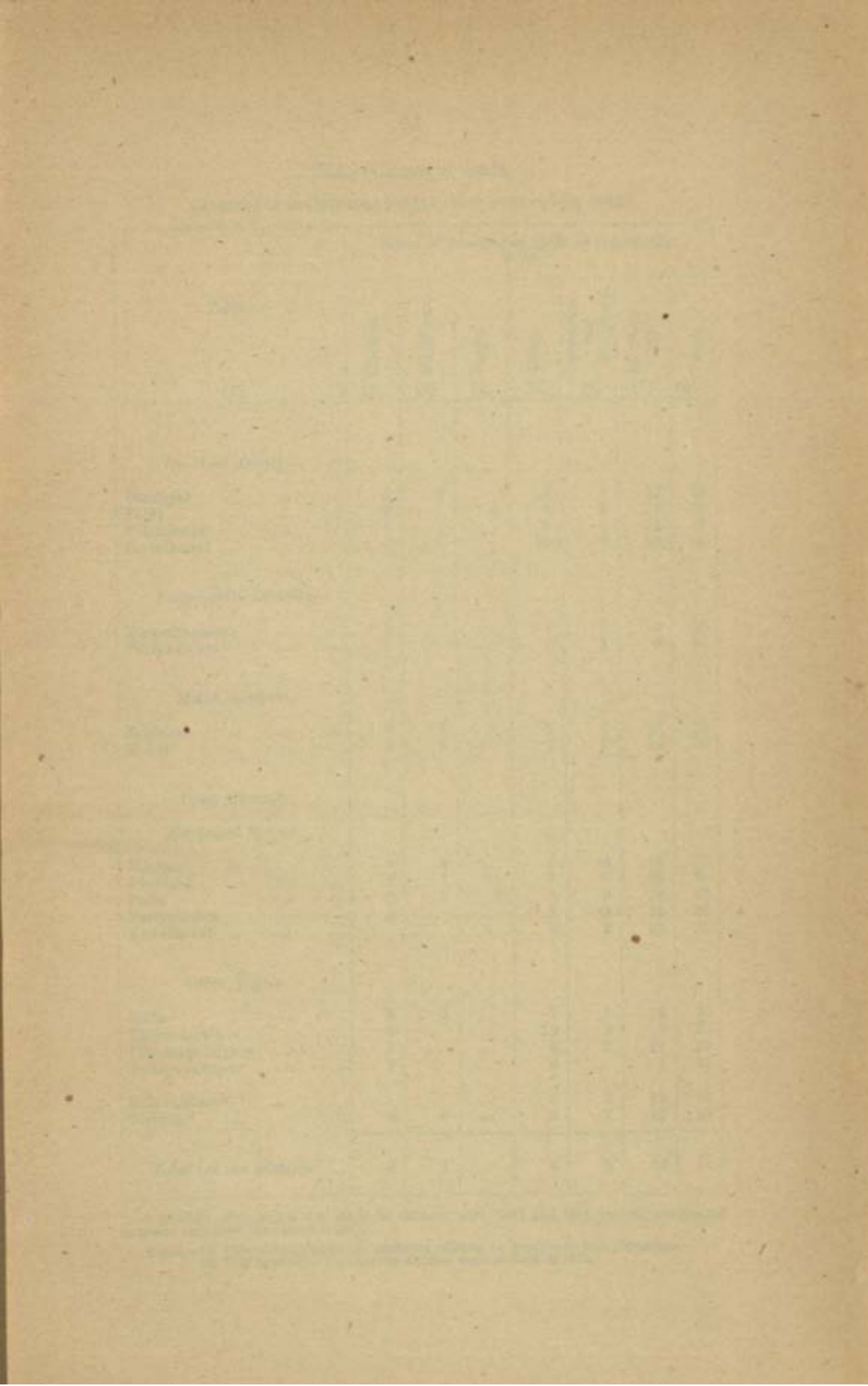


TABLE NO. 1

Summary of Results

Year	1950			1951		
	Jan	Feb	Mar	Jan	Feb	Mar
1. Total	100	100	100	100	100	100
2. Male	50	50	50	50	50	50
3. Female	50	50	50	50	50	50
4. Total	100	100	100	100	100	100
5. Male	50	50	50	50	50	50
6. Female	50	50	50	50	50	50
7. Total	100	100	100	100	100	100
8. Male	50	50	50	50	50	50
9. Female	50	50	50	50	50	50
10. Total	100	100	100	100	100	100
11. Male	50	50	50	50	50	50
12. Female	50	50	50	50	50	50
13. Total	100	100	100	100	100	100
14. Male	50	50	50	50	50	50
15. Female	50	50	50	50	50	50
16. Total	100	100	100	100	100	100
17. Male	50	50	50	50	50	50
18. Female	50	50	50	50	50	50
19. Total	100	100	100	100	100	100
20. Male	50	50	50	50	50	50
21. Female	50	50	50	50	50	50
22. Total	100	100	100	100	100	100
23. Male	50	50	50	50	50	50
24. Female	50	50	50	50	50	50
25. Total	100	100	100	100	100	100
26. Male	50	50	50	50	50	50
27. Female	50	50	50	50	50	50
28. Total	100	100	100	100	100	100
29. Male	50	50	50	50	50	50
30. Female	50	50	50	50	50	50
31. Total	100	100	100	100	100	100
32. Male	50	50	50	50	50	50
33. Female	50	50	50	50	50	50
34. Total	100	100	100	100	100	100
35. Male	50	50	50	50	50	50
36. Female	50	50	50	50	50	50
37. Total	100	100	100	100	100	100
38. Male	50	50	50	50	50	50
39. Female	50	50	50	50	50	50
40. Total	100	100	100	100	100	100
41. Male	50	50	50	50	50	50
42. Female	50	50	50	50	50	50
43. Total	100	100	100	100	100	100
44. Male	50	50	50	50	50	50
45. Female	50	50	50	50	50	50
46. Total	100	100	100	100	100	100
47. Male	50	50	50	50	50	50
48. Female	50	50	50	50	50	50
49. Total	100	100	100	100	100	100
50. Male	50	50	50	50	50	50
51. Female	50	50	50	50	50	50
52. Total	100	100	100	100	100	100
53. Male	50	50	50	50	50	50
54. Female	50	50	50	50	50	50
55. Total	100	100	100	100	100	100
56. Male	50	50	50	50	50	50
57. Female	50	50	50	50	50	50
58. Total	100	100	100	100	100	100
59. Male	50	50	50	50	50	50
60. Female	50	50	50	50	50	50
61. Total	100	100	100	100	100	100
62. Male	50	50	50	50	50	50
63. Female	50	50	50	50	50	50
64. Total	100	100	100	100	100	100
65. Male	50	50	50	50	50	50
66. Female	50	50	50	50	50	50
67. Total	100	100	100	100	100	100
68. Male	50	50	50	50	50	50
69. Female	50	50	50	50	50	50
70. Total	100	100	100	100	100	100
71. Male	50	50	50	50	50	50
72. Female	50	50	50	50	50	50
73. Total	100	100	100	100	100	100
74. Male	50	50	50	50	50	50
75. Female	50	50	50	50	50	50
76. Total	100	100	100	100	100	100
77. Male	50	50	50	50	50	50
78. Female	50	50	50	50	50	50
79. Total	100	100	100	100	100	100
80. Male	50	50	50	50	50	50
81. Female	50	50	50	50	50	50
82. Total	100	100	100	100	100	100
83. Male	50	50	50	50	50	50
84. Female	50	50	50	50	50	50
85. Total	100	100	100	100	100	100
86. Male	50	50	50	50	50	50
87. Female	50	50	50	50	50	50
88. Total	100	100	100	100	100	100
89. Male	50	50	50	50	50	50
90. Female	50	50	50	50	50	50
91. Total	100	100	100	100	100	100
92. Male	50	50	50	50	50	50
93. Female	50	50	50	50	50	50
94. Total	100	100	100	100	100	100
95. Male	50	50	50	50	50	50
96. Female	50	50	50	50	50	50
97. Total	100	100	100	100	100	100
98. Male	50	50	50	50	50	50
99. Female	50	50	50	50	50	50
100. Total	100	100	100	100	100	100

1. The results of the survey of the population of the United States in 1950 and 1951 are shown in the following table. The table is divided into two main sections, one for 1950 and one for 1951. Each section is further divided into three columns, one for each month of the year. The first column shows the total population, the second column shows the male population, and the third column shows the female population. The data is presented in a tabular format, with the years 1950 and 1951 as the main headings. The months of the year are listed as sub-headings for each year. The population figures are given in millions of people.

VII.—Causes of death.

(Average of the statistics for the three years ending 1912.)

Taluka.	Ratio of deaths per 1,000 of population from						
	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fever.	Dysentery and Diarrhoea.	All other causes.	Total.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
<i>Dindigul Division.</i>							
Dindigul	1	1	...	3	1	12	18
Palni	2	...	1	1	2	17	23
Nilakkottai	1	...	...	3	2	11	17
Kodaikanal ... ..	...	...	...	10	3	13	26
<i>Uthirapatti Division.</i>							
Tirumangalam	1	...	...	7	1	9	18
Periyakulam	1	...	...	5	1	8	15
<i>Melur Division.</i>							
Madura	3	1	...	7	3	12	26
Melur	2	1	...	2	1	14	20
TOWN CIRCLES.							
<i>Municipal Towns.</i>							
Madura	4	3	...	5	4	16	22
Dindigul	2	1	2	2	6	22	35
Palni	5	1	6	1	6	28	47
Periyakulam	4	...	...	7	9	16	36
Kodaikanal ... ..	...	...	...	3	2	16	21
<i>Other Towns.</i>							
Melur	3	1	...	1	1	14	20
Tirumangalam	3	...	...	12	2	9	26
Uttamapalayam	1	...	...	8	2	11	22
Bodinayakanur	1	...	...	6	...	4	11
Solavandam* ... ..	...	...	...	3	2	12	17
Nattam*	4	3	...	5	1	12	25
Total for the District ...	2	1	...	4	2	12	21

* Average of statistics are given for the two years, 1911 and 1912 as they are treated as towns only after the census of 1911.

NOTE.—(1) This table includes the statistics relating to Europeans and Eurasians.
(2) The territorial limits of the district were revised in 1910.

VIII.—Castes, Tribes and Races in 1911.

Caste, Tribe or Race. (1)	Strength.		
	Males. (2)	Females. (3)	Total. (4)
I. HINDU AND ANIMIST CASTES.			
(a) Tamil.			
Agamudaiyan...	28,399	30,346	58,745
Ambalakaran ...	2,212	2,340	4,552
Ambattan ...	8,450	8,726	17,176
Andi ...	3,345	3,274	6,619
Brahman ...	11,720	11,910	23,630
Chetti ...	22,667	24,838	47,505
Idaiyan ...	28,737	29,683	58,420
Kaikolan ...	5,550	5,961	11,511
Kallan...	94,409	97,537	191,946
Kammalan ...	35,886	35,536	71,422
Kuravan ...	4,273	4,793	9,066
Kusavan ...	8,131	8,335	16,466
Malaiman ...	964	1,007	1,971
Maravan ...	18,060	19,048	37,108
Nattaman ...	1,836	1,864	3,700
Pallan ...	67,588	69,097	136,685
Palli ...	12,357	12,979	25,336
Pandaram ...	2,478	2,722	5,200
Paraiyan ...	48,727	51,190	99,917
Sembadavan ...	2,440	2,921	5,361
Shanan ...	15,600	16,138	31,738
Sudaraman ...			

Table 1. Summary of Data for 1912-1913

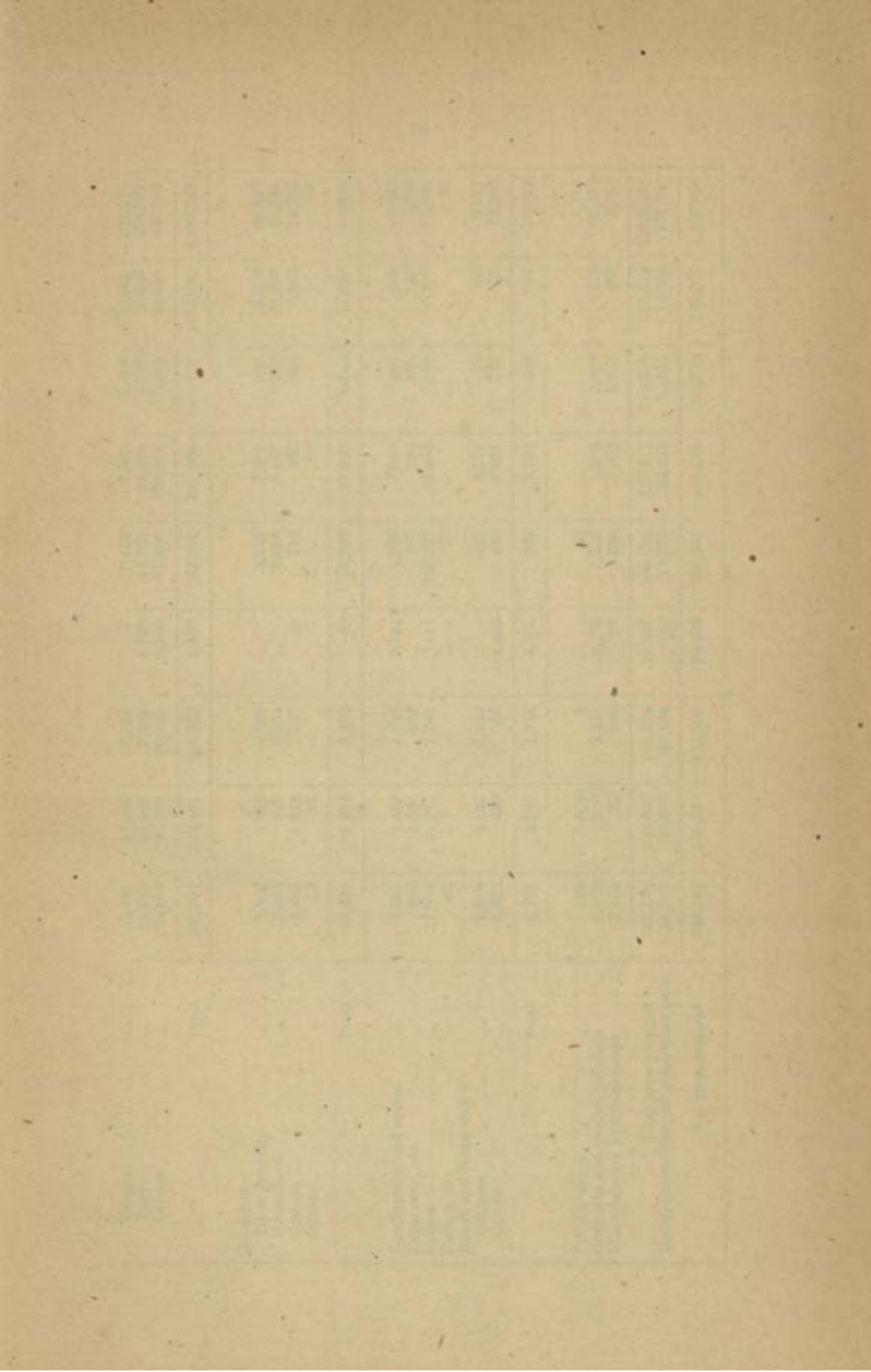
Name of Station	Summary		
	Area	Volume	Depth
Station 1			
Station 2			
Station 3			
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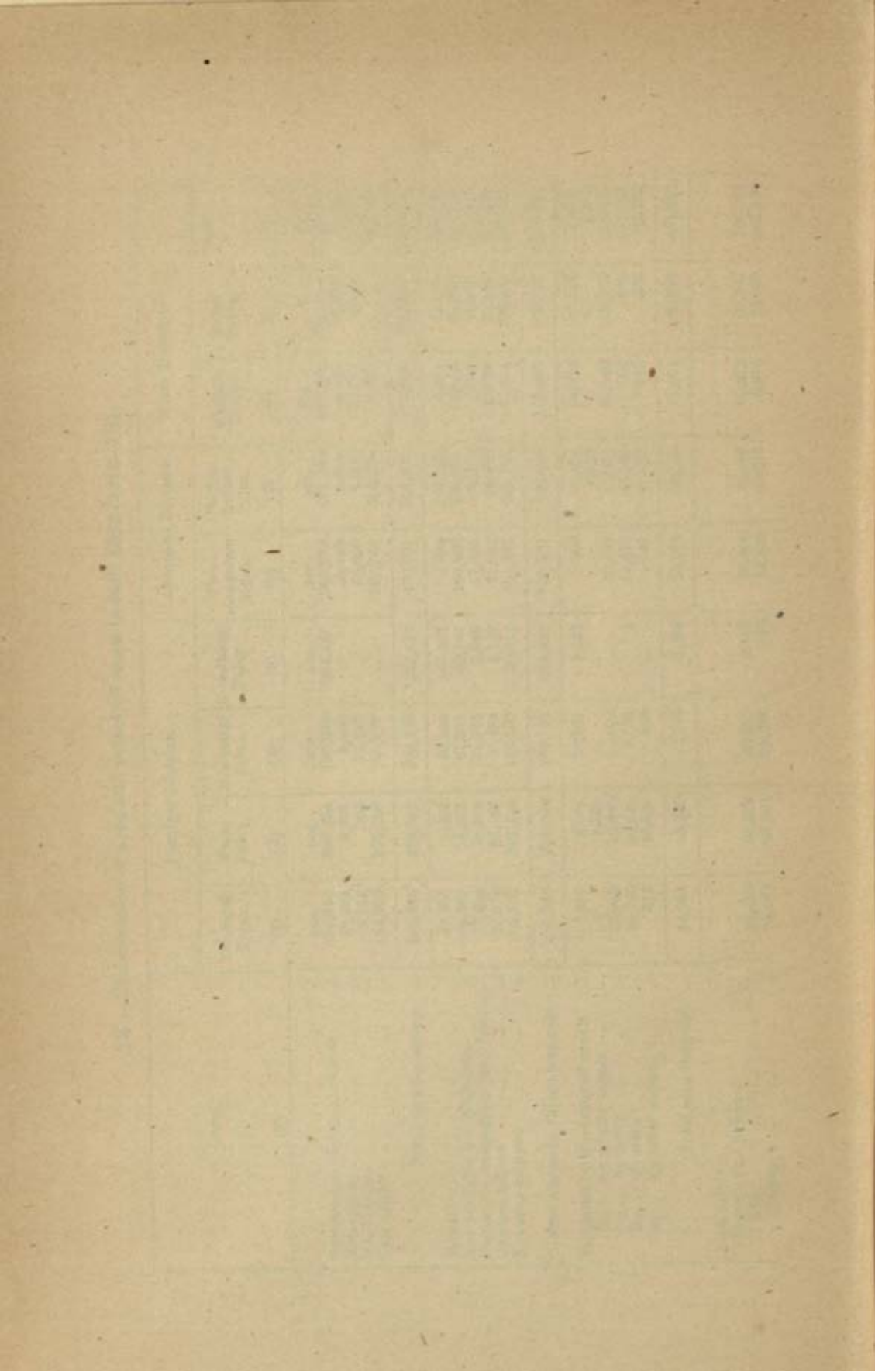
VIII.—Castes, Tribes and Races in 1911—*cont.*

Caste, Tribe or Race. (1)	Strength.		
	Males. (2)	Females. (3)	Total. (4)
I. HINDU AND ANIMIST CASTES— <i>cont.</i>			
(e) <i>Uriya.</i>		Nil	
(f) <i>Other Madras Languages.</i>			
Kshatriya	7,968	7,897	15,865
Patnulkaran	21,393	22,038	43,431
II. MUSSALMAN.			
Labbai	24,953	26,799	51,752
Pathan	2,383	2,525	4,908
Saiyad	1,529	1,640	3,169
Shaik	5,473	5,802	11,275
III. CHRISTIAN.			
Indian Christian	29,382	30,302	59,684
IV. OTHERS	51,406	52,294	103,700
Total ...	946,306	986,526	1,932,832

IX.—Classification of area and principal crops in fasli 1322 (1912-13).

IX.—Classification of area and population.										
Items.	Dindigul Division.				Usilampatti Division.			Melur Division.		District Total.
	Dindigul Taluk.	Palni Taluk.	Nilakottai Taluk.	Kodaikanal Taluk.	Tirumangalam Taluk.	Poriyakulam Taluk.	Madura Taluk.	Melur Taluk.		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	
Government (Ryotwari Land)	ACS. 399,310	ACS. 206,234	ACS. 169,048	ACS. 264,427	ACS. 250,874	ACS. 421,750	ACS. 117,296	ACS. 289,021	ACS. 2,117,960	
Minor inam	18,924	3,923	5,480	...	15,449	4,114	4,988	10,902	63,730	
Whole inam	6,752	365	19,788	...	40,690	1,280	42,656	9,952	121,433	
Zamindari	144,550	173,100	68,870	...	169,748	281,261	6,208	...	843,737	
Total area by survey	569,536	383,632	263,136	264,427	476,761	708,405	171,098	309,875	3,146,860	
Forests	47,666	1,382	40,193	159,591	8,399	103,283	3,444	62,270	426,228	
Not available for cultivation	104,964	74,825	61,901	69,101	145,020	246,675	32,816	53,706	787,308	
Culturable waste other than fallows.	26,484	18,698	27,718	9,988	17,465	56,223	7,345	27,962	191,813	
Current fallows	87,871	68,167	9,424	5,122	24,641	18,522	33,779	27,907	275,433	
Net area cropped	303,151	221,150	124,500	20,625	281,236	283,702	93,714	138,030	1,406,078	
Area shown in village accounts	569,536	383,632	263,136	264,427	476,761	708,405	171,098	309,875	3,146,860	
Irrigated by Government canals	2,837	5,647	20,821	3,027	309	14,251	44,824	39,145	130,861	
Do. by private canals	...	1,559	...	...	...	3,453	...	...	5,012
Do. by tanks	17,959	14,698	13,674	...	30,631	12,951	25,468	19,778	134,959	
Do. by wells	31,746	50,829	8,751	1	14,878	33,184	780	886	141,055	
Do. by other sources	512	20,457	934	...	147	297	179	209	22,765	
Total area irrigated	53,054	93,220	44,180	3,028	45,965	64,136	71,051	60,018	434,652	
Area under—										
Cereals and pulses—										
Rice	28,420	23,324	44,919	2,161	26,808	39,580	80,212	61,347	306,771	
Cholam	64,482	60,601	35,700	259	33,280	65,043	6,515	14,999	280,820	





Cambu	...	52,341	21,556	3,980	1	10,163	7,080	1,034	6,051	102,716
Ragi	...	13,679	14,441	7,358	1,909	14,588	39,355	3,942	13,389	108,071
Others	...	108,169	89,529	36,355	4,106	87,468	125,942	10,068	28,649	493,284
Total	...	263,991	209,461	128,322	8,436	172,255	277,000	101,771	125,026	1,286,262
Oil seeds—										
Til or gingelly	...	2,892	3,073	4,010	...	4,121	7,638	866	5,959	28,529
Groundnut	...	15,915	816	4,135	...	8,314	5,587	2,267	10,706	47,740
Castors	...	4,915	1,318	257	42	751	692	508	5,245	13,728
Others	...	12	27	...	7	...	13	...	...	59
Total	...	23,644	5,234	8,402	49	13,186	13,990	3,641	21,910	90,056
Condiments and spices										
Sugarcane, etc.	...	5,737	1,418	1,098	3,732	1,389	3,950	297	731	18,352
Cotton	...	646	1,040	332	...	467	270	164	147	3,066
Indigo, etc.	...	17,929	24,767	7,241	121	102,298	23,390	2,068	872	178,986
Drugs and Narcotics—	...	52	...	...	...	30	...	...	...	82
Tobacco	...	1,818	3,127	1,160	...	320	3,215	78	49	9,767
Others	...	4,955	420	555	4,945	249	1,981	325	12	13,042
Total	...	6,773	3,547	1,715	4,945	569	4,796	403	61	22,809
Fodder crops										
Orchards and garden produce	...	135	1,552	1	...	47	...	...	...	1,735
Miscellaneous non-food crops	...	6,688	1,240	3,211	4,175	1,640	1,608	3,309	3,213	25,134
	...	2,575	37	602	37	730	2,309	1,311	552	8,153
Total area cropped	...	331,170	248,346	150,924	21,495	292,011	327,313	112,964	152,512	1,637,335
Deduct area cropped more than once.	...	28,019	27,226	26,424	870	11,375	43,611	19,250	14,482	171,257
Net area cropped	...	303,151	221,120	124,500	20,625	281,236	283,702	93,714	138,030	1,466,078

X.—Reserved Forest and Area proposed for reservation
(in square miles) on 30th June 1913.

Taluka.	Reserved forest.	Area pro- posed for reservation.	Total of columns 2 and 3.	Area of taluk.	Percentage of column 4 to cultiva- ted area.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
DINDIGUL DIVISION.					
Dindigul	74.48	..	74.48	889.90	15.72
Palni	2.16	...	2.16	599.41	0.63
Nilakkottai	62.80	...	62.80	411.15	32.28
Kodalkanal	249.35	.012	249.36	413.16	773.93
USILAMPATTI DIVISION.					
Tirumangalam	13.12	...	13.12	744.94	2.99
Periyakulam	161.37	.014	161.38	1,106.89	36.41
MELUR DIVISION.					
Madura	5.38	...	5.38	267.34	3.67
Melur	97.29	...	97.29	484.18	45.11
Total ...	665.95	.026	665.97	4,916.97	29.77

Net revenue realized under forests during

	RS.
1910-11	81,289
1911-12	95,712
1912-13	68,469

NOTE.—The territorial limits of the district were revised in 1910.

XI.—Classification of area and money rates according to the last settlement.

(Part I. Area under each money rate.)

Dry.

Particulars of money rates.		Dindigul Division.			Usilampatti Division.		Melur Division.		District Total.
		Dindigul Taluk.	Palni Taluk.	Nilakottai Taluk.	Tirumangalam Taluk.	Periyakulam Taluk.	Madura Taluk.	Melur Taluk.	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	
Rs. A.	ACS.	ACS.	ACS.	ACS.	ACS.	ACS.	ACS.	ACS.	ACS.
2 0	1	1,769	...	2,768	52,399	...	...	...	56,937
1 8	2,836	2,693	...	7,215	37,884	1,637	...	...	51,768
1 4	65,160	36,522	...	52,013	35,710	17,217	23,973	1	230,595
1 0	170,762	45,416	...	74,754	34,939	37,457	82,636	...	445,964
0 12	57,220	47,724	...	41,397	10,059	11,763	8,081	...	176,244
0 8	24,803	25,543	...	23,601	1,826	6,383	1,338	...	83,494
0 6	3,958	6,544	...	4,941	90	682	50	...	16,265
0 4	...	...	...	...	...	10	...	...	10
<i>Special rate.</i>									
3 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	27	...	27
Grand Total		3,24,740	1,66,211	...	172,407	206,689	75,176	116,079	1,061,302

XI.—Classification of area and money rates according to the last settlement—*cont.*

(Part I. Area under each money rate)—*cont.*

Wet.

Particulars of money rates.	Dindigul Division.			Usilampatti Division.		Melur Division.		District Total.
(1)	Dindigul Taluk.	Palni Taluk.	Nilakottai Taluk.	Tirumangalam Taluk.	Periyakulam Taluk.	Madura Taluk.	Melur Taluk.	(9)
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	
Rs. A.	ACS.	ACS.	ACS.	ACS.	ACS.	ACS.	ACS.	ACS.
8 8	...	408	...	...	157	1	...	566
7 8	288	646	...	...	394	1,746	...	3,074
6 8	923	1,225	...	1,144	1,103	6,645	...	11,040
5 8	2,816	1,365	...	5,468	5,630	8,848	573	24,700
4 8	6,415	2,140	...	7,934	8,115	8,865	4,398	37,867
3 8	7,817	5,557	...	4,905	6,063	13,642	27,729	65,713
2 8	2,573	1,406	...	1,317	2,768	12,514	12,514	27,314
2 0	446	...	...	74	868	3,281	1,188	5,857
Grand Total ...	21,278	12,747	...	20,842	25,098	49,764	46,402	176,181

NOTE.—The Nilakottai Taluk was formed with effect from 1st July 1910. The constitution of Madura and Dindigul Taluks was also changed from the same date. Figures for the revised areas are not available. Hence old figures have been adopted.

XI.—Classification of area and money rates according to the last settlement—*cont.*
(Part 2. Classes and sorts included under each money rate)—*cont.*

Dry.										Wet.			
Soil.		First group.		Soil.		First class.		Second class.		Third class.		Fourth class.	
Class.	Sort.	Sort.	Rate.	Class.	Sort.	Rate.	Rate.	Rate.	Rate.	Rate.	Rate.	Rate.	Rate.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
IV	Rs. A.	III	4	} 5	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.
V	0 8	IV	5		4 8	6	3 8	7	2 8	8	2 0
VII		V	3								
VIII		VII	4	} 6							
V	0 6	VIII	3								
VII		III	5								
VIII		V	4	} 8	3 8	7	2 8	8	2 0	8	2 0
V	0 4	VII	5								
VIII		VIII	4								
V		V	5	} 7	2 8	8	2 0	8	2 0	8	2 0
VIII		VIII	5								
V											

XII.—Rainfall.

Names of rain-gauge stations.	Average rainfall (1870-1909) in inches in												
	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	Septem-ber.	October.	Novem-ber.	Decem-ber.	Whole year.
DINDIGUL TALUK.													
Dindigul	0.62	0.43	0.62	2.16	3.00	1.87	1.27	2.61	3.54	6.26	4.97	2.61	29.08
Vedasandur *	0.71	0.60	0.65	2.59	3.16	1.32	0.50	1.09	3.25	7.02	3.61	2.29	27.39
PALNI TALUK.													
Chattrapatti †	2.01	0.37	0.28	1.80	3.92	1.49	0.41	2.00	1.88	8.53	4.73	1.45	28.87
Palni ...	0.43	0.42	0.52	1.67	2.94	1.13	0.51	1.21	1.91	6.93	5.41	2.51	5.59
NILAKKOTTAI TALUK.													
Nilakkottai *	0.55	0.45	0.69	2.53	3.31	0.73	0.83	2.72	3.94	8.47	4.03	1.75	30.00
Solavandan †	0.75	0.50	0.51	2.56	1.71	0.89	1.48	3.88	4.60	7.49	5.45	0.76	30.58
KODAIKANAL TALUK.													
Kodaikanal §	1.73	1.55	3.34	5.08	6.15	4.01	3.97	6.44	6.59	12.17	7.79	5.38	64.20
TRIMANGALAM TALUK.													
Trimangalam ...	0.37	0.78	0.73	2.37	3.24	1.4	1.30	3.51	4.27	8.11	4.63	1.79	31.78
Udampatti ||	0.70	0.60	0.65	2.88	3.19	0.55	0.54	2.42	4.13	8.70	5.67	2.12	32.15
Peraiyur †	0.80	1.38	1.01	4.58	1.96	1.15	0.60	3.78	2.19	8.56	4.08	1.29	31.38

* 1887-09.

† 1904-09.

‡ 1906-09.

§ 1874-09.

|| 1880-09.

XII.—Rainfall—cont.

Names of rain-gauge stations.		Average rainfall (1870-1908) in inches in												
		January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	Septem-ber.	October.	Novem-ber.	Decem-ber.	Whole year.
PERIYAKULAM TALUK.														
Rodinyakkanur †	...	1.01	0.74	2.22	4.11	3.29	1.11	0.68	1.95	1.53	6.99	3.77	1.64	28.99
Periyakulam ...	...	1.09	0.68	1.98	3.00	3.11	1.00	0.75	1.97	2.47	7.49	4.74	1.71	30.24
Uttamapalayam ||	...	0.46	0.73	0.74	2.29	2.54	1.37	1.43	1.19	1.45	7.37	5.89	2.27	27.23
MADURA TALUK.														
Madura ...	...	0.49	0.48	0.73	2.84	2.73	1.69	1.81	4.09	4.91	8.66	4.79	2.09	34.81
MELUR TALUK.														
Melur ...	...	0.55	0.34	0.60	1.83	3.03	2.06	2.32	5.01	5.28	8.42	4.54	2.60	38.53
District average	...	0.56	0.52	0.81	2.25	2.99	1.38	1.22	2.76	3.48	7.61	4.92	2.21	30.71

1880-09.

Y 1905-09.

1776	1777	1778	1779	1780	1781	1782	1783	1784	1785	1786	1787	1788	1789	1790	1791	1792	1793	1794	1795	1796	1797	1798	1799	1800	1801	1802	1803	1804	1805	1806	1807	1808	1809	1810	1811	1812	1813	1814	1815	1816	1817	1818	1819	1820	1821	1822	1823	1824	1825	1826	1827	1828	1829	1830	1831	1832	1833	1834	1835	1836	1837	1838	1839	1840	1841	1842	1843	1844	1845	1846	1847	1848	1849	1850	1851	1852	1853	1854	1855	1856	1857	1858	1859	1860	1861	1862	1863	1864	1865	1866	1867	1868	1869	1870	1871	1872	1873	1874	1875	1876	1877	1878	1879	1880	1881	1882	1883	1884	1885	1886	1887	1888	1889	1890	1891	1892	1893	1894	1895	1896	1897	1898	1899	1900	1901	1902	1903	1904	1905	1906	1907	1908	1909	1910	1911	1912	1913	1914	1915	1916	1917	1918	1919	1920	1921	1922	1923	1924	1925	1926	1927	1928	1929	1930	1931	1932	1933	1934	1935	1936	1937	1938	1939	1940	1941	1942	1943	1944	1945	1946	1947	1948	1949	1950	1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036	2037	2038	2039	2040	2041	2042	2043	2044	2045	2046	2047	2048	2049	2050	2051	2052	2053	2054	2055	2056	2057	2058	2059	2060	2061	2062	2063	2064	2065	2066	2067	2068	2069	2070	2071	2072	2073	2074	2075	2076	2077	2078	2079	2080	2081	2082	2083	2084	2085	2086	2087	2088	2089	2090	2091	2092	2093	2094	2095	2096	2097	2098	2099	2100	2101	2102	2103	2104	2105	2106	2107	2108	2109	2110	2111	2112	2113	2114	2115	2116	2117	2118	2119	2120	2121	2122	2123	2124	2125	2126	2127	2128	2129	2130	2131	2132	2133	2134	2135	2136	2137	2138	2139	2140	2141	2142	2143	2144	2145	2146	2147	2148	2149	2150	2151	2152	2153	2154	2155	2156	2157	2158	2159	2160	2161	2162	2163	2164	2165	2166	2167	2168	2169	2170	2171	2172	2173	2174	2175	2176	2177	2178	2179	2180	2181	2182	2183	2184	2185	2186	2187	2188	2189	2190	2191	2192	2193	2194	2195	2196	2197	2198	2199	2200	2201	2202	2203	2204	2205	2206	2207	2208	2209	2210	2211	2212	2213	2214	2215	2216	2217	2218	2219	2220	2221	2222	2223	2224	2225	2226	2227	2228	2229	2230	2231	2232	2233	2234	2235	2236	2237	2238	2239	2240	2241	2242	2243	2244	2245	2246	2247	2248	2249	2250	2251	2252	2253	2254	2255	2256	2257	2258	2259	2260	2261	2262	2263	2264	2265	2266	2267	2268	2269	2270	2271	2272	2273	2274	2275	2276	2277	2278	2279	2280	2281	2282	2283	2284	2285	2286	2287	2288	2289	2290	2291	2292	2293	2294	2295	2296	2297	2298	2299	2300	2301	2302	2303	2304	2305	2306	2307	2308	2309	2310	2311	2312	2313	2314	2315	2316	2317	2318	2319	2320	2321	2322	2323	2324	2325	2326	2327	2328	2329	2330	2331	2332	2333	2334	2335	2336	2337	2338	2339	2340	2341	2342	2343	2344	2345	2346	2347	2348	2349	2350	2351	2352	2353	2354	2355	2356	2357	2358	2359	2360	2361	2362	2363	2364	2365	2366	2367	2368	2369	2370	2371	2372	2373	2374	2375	2376	2377	2378	2379	2380	2381	2382	2383	2384	2385	2386	2387	2388	2389	2390	2391	2392	2393	2394	2395	2396	2397	2398	2399	2400	2401	2402	2403	2404	2405	2406	2407	2408	2409	2410	2411	2412	2413	2414	2415	2416	2417	2418	2419	2420	2421	2422	2423	2424	2425	2426	2427	2428	2429	2430	2431	2432	2433	2434	2435	2436	2437	2438	2439	2440	2441	2442	2443	2444	2445	2446	2447	2448	2449	2450	2451	2452	2453	2454	2455	2456	2457	2458	2459	2460	2461	2462	2463	2464	2465	2466	2467	2468	2469	2470	2471	2472	2473	2474	2475	2476	2477	2478	2479	2480	2481	2482	2483	2484	2485	2486	2487	2488	2489	2490	2491	2492	2493	2494	2495	2496	2497	2498	2499	2500	2501	2502	2503	2504	2505	2506	2507	2508	2509	2510	2511	2512	2513	2514	2515	2516	2517	2518	2519	2520	2521	2522	2523	2524	2525	2526	2527	2528	2529	2530	2531	2532	2533	2534	2535	2536	2537	2538	2539	2540	2541	2542	2543	2544	2545	2546	2547	2548	2549	2550	2551	2552	2553	2554	2555	2556	2557	2558	2559	2560	2561	2562	2563	2564	2565	2566	2567	2568	2569	2570	2571	2572	2573	2574	2575	2576	2577	2578	2579	2580	2581	2582	2583	2584	2585	2586	2587	2588	2589	2590	2591	2592	2593	2594	2595	2596	2597	2598	2599	2600	2601	2602	2603	2604	2605	2606	2607	2608	2609	2610	2611	2612	2613	2614	2615	2616	2617	2618	2619	2620	2621	2622	2623	2624	2625	2626	2627	2628	2629	2630	2631	2632	2633	2634	2635	2636	2637	2638	2639	2640	2641	2642	2643	2644	2645	2646	2647	2648	2649	2650	2651	2652	2653	2654	2655	2656	2657	2658	2659	2660	2661	2662	2663	2664	2665	2666	2667	2668	2669	2670	2671	2672	2673	2674	2675	2676	2677	2678	2679	2680	2681	2682	2683	2684	2685	2686	2687	2688	2689	2690	2691	2692	2693	2694	2695	2696	2697	2698	2699	2700	2701	2702	2703	2704	2705	2706	2707	2708	2709	2710	2711	2712	2713	2714	2715	2716	2717	2718	2719	2720	2721	2722	2723	2724	2725	2726	2727	2728	2729	2730	2731	2732	2733	2734	2735	2736	2737	2738	2739	2740	2741	2742	2743	2744	2745	2746	2747	2748	2749	2750	2751	2752	2753	2754	2755	2756	2757	2758	2759	2760	2761	2762	2763	2764	2765	2766	2767	2768	2769	2770	2771	2772	2773	2774	2775	2776	2777	2778	2779	2780	2781	2782	2783	2784	2785	2786	2787	2788	2789	2790	2791	2792	2793	2794	2795	2796	2797	2798	2799	2800	2801	2802	2803	2804	2805	2806	2807	2808	2809	2810	2811	2812	2813	2814	2815	2816	2817	2818	2819	2820	2821	2822	2823	2824	2825	2826	2827	2828	2829	2830	2831	2832	2833	2834	2835	2836	2837	2838	2839	2840	2841	2842	2843	2844	2845	2846	2847	2848	2849	2850	2851	2852	2853	2854	2855	2856	2857	2858	2859	2860	2861	2862	2863	2864	2865	2866	2867	2868	2869	2870	2871	2872	2873	2874	2875	2876	2877	2878	2879	2880	2881	2882	2883	2884	2885	2886	2887	2888	2889	2890	2891	2892	2893	2894	2895	2896	2897	2898	2899	2900	2901	2902	2903	2904	2905	2906	2907	2908	2909	2910	2911	2912	2913	2914	2915	2916	2917	2918	2919	2920	2921	2922	2923	2924	2925	2926	2927	2928	2929	2930	2931	2932	2933	2934	2935	2936	2937	2938	2939	2940	2941	2942	2943	2944	2945	2946	2947	2948	2949	2950	2951	2952	2953	2954	2955	2956	2957	2958	2959	2960	2961	2962	2963	2964	2965	2966	2967	2968	2969	2970	2971	2972	2973	2974	2975	2976	2977	2978	2979	2980	2981	2982	2983	2984	2985	2986	2987	2988	2989	2990	2991	2992	2993	2994	2995	2996	2997	2998	2999	3000	3001	3002	3003	3004	3005	3006	3007	3008	3009	3010	3011	3012	3013	3014	3015	3016	3017	3018	3019	3020	3021	3022	3023	3024	3025	3026	3027	3028	3029	3030	3031	3032	3033	3034	3035	3036	3037	3038	3039	3040	3041	3042	3043	3044	3045	3046	3047	3048	3049	3050	3051	3052	3053	3054	3055	3056	3057	3058	3059	3060	3061	3062	3063	3064	3065	3066	3067	3068	3069	3070	3071	3072	3073	3074	3075	3076	3077	3078	3079	3080	3081	3082	3083	3084	3085	3086	3087	3088	3089	3090	3091	3092	3093	3094	3095	3096	3097	3098	3099	3100	3101	3102	3103	3104	3105	3106	3107	3108	3109	3110	3111	3112	3113	3114	3115	3116	3117	3118	3119	3120	3121	3122	3123	3124	3125	3126	3127	3128	3129	3130	3131	3132	3133	3134	3135	3136	3137	3138	3139	3140	3141	3142	3143</
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XIII.—Holdings, Cultivation and Demand in Faali 1322 (1912-13).

Taluka.	Total holdings.											Cultivation including waste charged.			Total demand of Land Revenue Ryotwar, Miscel- laneous and Cesses.
	Dry.		Wet.		Total.		Dry.		Wet.						
	Extent.	Asses- ment.	Extent.	Asses- ment.	Extent.	Asses- ment.	Extent.	Assessment including water-rate.	Extent.	Assessment including second crop charge.	(12) Miscellaneous revenue.	(13) Total ryotwar demand.	(14) Cesses (Land and Railway Cesses).		
														(1)		(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	
DINDIGUL DIVISION.															
Dindigul ..	255,324	2,54,891	17,095	65,405	972,420	3,21,206	255,324	2,50,257	16,895	70,085	25,310	3,40,555	26,891	3,78,446	
Palni ..	161,798	1,40,869	15,167	60,091	174,405	2,15,060	161,798	1,50,337	13,167	70,800	15,082	2,28,982	18,393	2,47,348	
Nilakkottai ..	71,933	73,491	18,377	1,00,497	59,180	1,75,078	71,933	1,06,242	18,377	1,20,816	81,474	3,10,702	22,878	3,33,670	
Kodaikanal ..	20,037	24,091	3,219	8,817	26,156	35,448	20,037	24,828	3,219	9,503	4,033	38,352	2,875	41,227	
UTRALAMPATTI DIVISION.															
Thimangalam ..	171,177	2,52,259	21,193	95,944	182,370	2,48,293	171,177	2,57,576	21,117	1,00,154	24,316	3,77,059	31,635	4,08,694	
Pottiyakulam ..	130,903	1,43,652	22,541	1,27,726	102,344	2,71,378	130,903	1,49,158	22,337	1,43,709	49,466	3,50,106	25,245	3,75,351	
MALCA DIVISION.															
Madura ..	31,000	31,411	39,747	2,22,569	70,747	2,63,977	31,000	77,681	39,556	2,46,154	1,42,507	4,32,458	34,712	4,77,170	
Medur ..	94,942	99,487	48,491	2,57,322	143,433	3,36,569	94,942	1,23,989	48,009	2,62,191	57,030	4,54,823	35,400	4,90,222	
HUJUR COLLECTIONS.															
Total ..	946,964	10,26,691	183,330	9,28,388	1,130,404	10,85,079	946,964	11,78,883	182,881	10,10,473	4,03,688	25,38,197	2,01,011	27,39,208	

XIV.—Revenue payable by permanently settled estates
in fasli 1322 (1912-13).

Serial number.	Taluk and estates.	Peishoush.	Landcess.	Railway cess.	Miscellaneous revenue.	Total.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
	DINDIGUL DIVISION.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
	<i>Dindigul Taluk.</i>					
1	Kannivadi	38,071	8,164	2,041	1,613	49,889
	<i>Palni Taluk.</i>					
2	Rettayambadi	11,932	2,269	567	...	14,768
3	Ayyakkudi	16,784	1,912	478	...	19,174
4	Velur	10,565	1,206	301	...	12,072
5	Mambarai	1,500	438	110	...	2,048
6	Idayakottai	7,060	2,002	500	...	9,562
	Total	47,781	7,827	1,856	...	57,564
	<i>Nilakottai Taluk.</i>					
7	Ammayanaikanur ...	13,481	3,628	907	29	18,045
	USILAMPATTI DIVISION.					
	<i>Tirumangalam Taluk.</i>					
8	Peraiyur	11,657	1,097	274	934	14,162
9	Saptur	8,812	3,607	902	587	13,908
10	Sandayur	3,696	655	164	605	5,120
11	Elumalai	3,613	524	131	409	4,677
12	Uthappanaikanur ...	2,584	491	123	548	3,746
13	Doddappanaikanur ...	2,179	491	123	394	3,187
14	M. Puliyankulam ...	1,932	196	49	203	2,380
15	Jotilanaikanur	1,070	106	27	262	1,465
16	Melakottai	912	105	26	173	1,216
17	Nadukottai	774	92	23	173	1,062
18	Keelakottai	480	111	25	154	773
	Total	37,909	7,475	1,870	4,442	51,696
	<i>Periyankulam Taluk.</i>					
19	Bodinayakkanur	13,850	5,090	1,272	1,062	21,274
20	Dombacheri	681	193	48	11	933
21	Bhatipuram	789	233	58	29	1,109
22	Thevaram	1,101	1,051	263	83	2,498
23	Erasakkanayakkanur ...	2,081	1,298	324	140	3,823
24	Gandamanaikanur ...	2,761	970	242	338	4,311
25	Vallanadi Sub-Division ...	10,653	4,049	1,012	613	16,327
	Total	31,896	12,884	3,219	2,276	50,275
	MELUR DIVISION.					
	<i>Madura Taluk.</i>					
26	Siruvaisi	877	198	50	48	1,173
27	Velliakundam	2,173	284	71	53	2,581
	Total	3,050	482	121	101	3,754
	Grand Total	1,72,188	40,460	10,114	8,461	2,31,223

XV.—Demand, Collection and Balance of Current Land Revenue and Cesses (in thousands of rupees).

Taluka.	Demand.			Collected or written off.			Balance.	
(1)	Fall 1820.	Fall 1821.	Fall 1822.	Fall 1820.	Fall 1821.	Fall 1822.	Fall 1820.	Fall 1821.
DINDIGUL DIVISION.								
Dindigul	434	418	432	425	414	426	9	4
Palni	307	307	307	307	306	304	...	1
Nilakottai	356	361	356	345	358	353	11	3
Kodalkanal	43	41	41	41	38	39	6	3
USILAMPATTI DIVISION.								
Tirumangalam	472	445	467	459	435	459	13	10
Periyakulam	421	391	406	400	381	391	12	10
MELUR DIVISION.								
Madura	487	467	497	466	435	450	21	32
Melur	495	470	493	471	452	413	24	18
Huar Collections	5	3	7	5	3	7	...	...
District Total	3,020	2,903	3,005	2,928	2,822	2,852	92	81
								154

NOTE.—The territorial limits of the district were revised in 1910.

XVI.—Remissions (in thousands of rupees).

Taluka.	Waste remitted.								Other seasonal remissions (excluding fixed remissions).			
	Wet.				Dry.							
	Faali 1320.	Faali 1321.	Faali 1322.	Total.	Faali 1320.	Faali 1321.	Faali 1322.	Total.	Faali 1320.	Faali 1321.	Faali 1322.	Total.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
DINDIGUL DIVISION.												
Dindigul ...	2	4	1	7	...	...	...	...	2	7	2	11
Palni ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nilakottai ...	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1
Kodaikanal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
USILAMPATTI DIVISION.												
Tirumangalam ...	...	9	...	9	...	...	...	...	...	10	1	11
Periyakulam ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	3	2	7
MELUR DIVISION.												
Madura ...	...	8	1	9	...	...	...	...	...	7	2	9
Melur ...	...	16	1	17	...	...	...	...	7	12	6	25
District Total ..	2	37	5	44	...	...	...	...	11	40	13	64

NOTE.—The territorial limits of the district were revised in 1910.

XVII.—Land Improvement and Agriculturists' Loans.

(In thousands of rupees.)

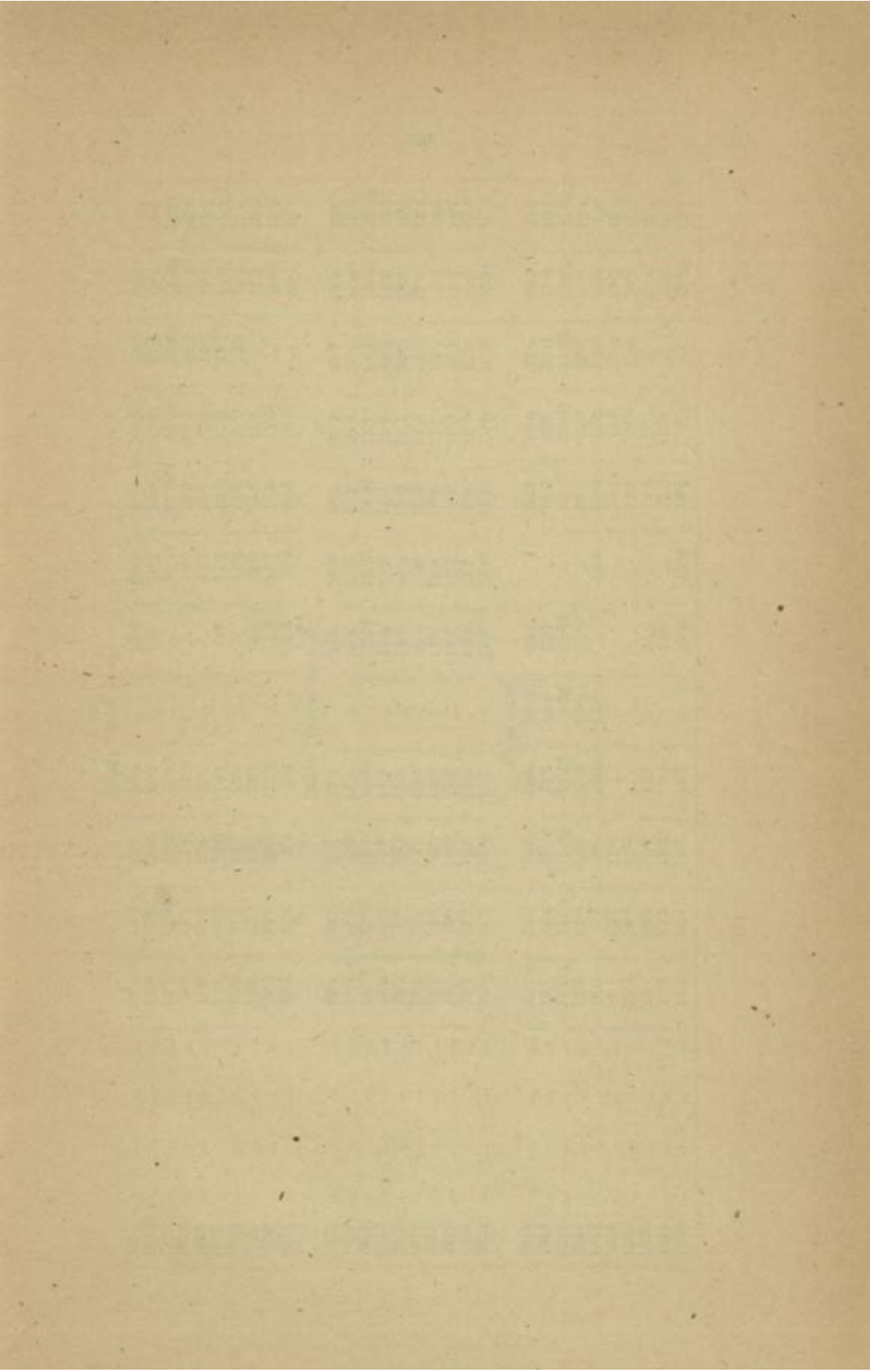
Taluka.	Amount advanced under Land Improvement and Agriculturists' Loans Acts in			Total including outstanding balance at the beginning of fasli 1320.	Total recovered.
	Fasli 1320.	Fasli 1321.	Fasli 1322.		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
DINDIGUL DIVISION.					
Dindigul	3	2	4	22	5
Palni ... ..	...	1	4	7	1
Nilakottai	11	3	6	71	29
Kodaikanal	Nil	Nil	...	Nil	...
USILAMPATTI DIVISION.					
Tirumangalam	49	48	19	223	46
Periyakulam	5	12	9	53	16
MELUR DIVISION.					
Madura	31	16	30	182	98
Melur	20	40	26	169	53
District total ...	119	122	98	732	253

NOTE.—The territorial limits of the district were revised in 1910.

XVIII.—Prices in seers per rupee.

Faali.	Dindigul Division.				Usilampatti Division.				Melur Division.		District average.	
	Dindigul Taluk.	Palni Taluk.	Nilakottai Taluk.	Kodalkanal Taluk.	Tirumangalam Taluk.	Usilampatti.	Periyakulam.	Uttamapalayam.	Madura.	Melur.		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
1313	12-6	12-3	13-6	13-4	10-5	13-2	13-3	13-3	14-5	12-5	15-0	13-1
1314	11-2	10-7	11-6	11-0	9-2	11-7	10-3	10-5	12-6	11-4	12-7	11-2
1315	9-08	7-99	9-41	8-11	7-55	8-41	9-01	9-02	9-42	8-80	8-72	8-68
1316	9-0	8-2	9-4	8-5	7-7	8-3	8-7	8-7	8-9	8-5	8-8	8-6
1317	8-1	7-4	8-9	8-2	7-7	8-2	8-0	8-9	9-0	7-9	8-3	8-2
1318	7-9	6-8	8-3	7-8	7-0	7-6	7-6	8-0	8-7	7-8	7-1	7-7
1319	8-7	8-5	9-0	8-8	6-9	6-9	7-7	8-9	9-5	8-7	8-0	8-3
1320	9-1	8-6	9-4	9-4	6-9	9-0	8-6	9-0	10-1	9-3	9-8	9-0
1321	8-0	6-8	8-1	7-6	6-5	7-5	7-2	7-7	8-4	7-4	7-4	7-5
1322	7-3	6-6	7-5	7-1	5-9	6-3	6-6	7-1	7-2	6-7	6-1	6-8

Rice (Second sort).



Paddy (First sort).

1313	...	...	...	18.4	18.5	17.8	20.4	...	18.6	19.3	20.3	19.8	19.8	22.6	19.6
1314	...	...	...	15.8	15.8	15.3	16.7	...	...	18.1	16.4	17.3	17.5	18.1	16.6
1315	...	...	...	12.53	11.88	12.27	12.22	...	...	12.57	13.08	12.53	13.34	13.62	12.67
1316	...	...	...	12.4	12.1	12.2	12.3	...	...	12.0	12.9	11.3	12.7	13.4	12.4
1317	...	...	...	11.8	11.8	11.9	12.3	...	...	11.6	13.2	13.1	11.3	12.3	12.1
1318	...	...	...	11.1	10.4	11.0	12.1	...	9.6	11.3	12.2	12.0	12.1	10.7	11.3
1319	...	...	...	12.0	11.2	11.7	13.2	...	...	11.4	11.6	11.9	12.3	11.5	11.9
1320	...	...	...	12.8	13.3	13.1	13.3	...	14.9	12.0	11.5	11.1	...	15.1	12.9
1321	...	...	...	11.3	10.8	10.8	11.3	...	11.1	10.7	12.0	11.0	...	12.1	11.2
1322	...	...	...	10.5	10.4	9.8	10.4	...	8.9	9.4	10.5	9.7	...	10.1	10.1

Paddy (Second sort).

1313	...	...	...	20.2	20.1	19.7	22.4	...	20.6	20.4	23.9	25.9	20.7	26.4	22.0
1314	...	...	...	18.0	17.3	17.0	18.3	...	16.5	17.3	18.3	20.4	18.7	21.4	18.3
1315	...	...	...	14.73	12.53	13.51	13.45	...	12.61	13.21	14.93	14.71	14.28	15.40	13.94
1316	...	...	...	14.3	13.5	13.7	13.8	...	12.4	13.2	14.4	12.5	14.3	15.9	13.8
1317	...	...	...	13.2	12.6	13.2	13.1	...	12.7	13.2	15.0	14.7	12.5	13.6	13.3
1318	...	...	...	12.5	11.3	12.4	12.6	...	11.4	11.8	13.4	13.4	12.6	12.9	12.4
1319	...	...	...	13.7	12.7	13.6	14.0	...	12.6	11.8	13.5	14.7	14.0	14.1	13.5
1320	...	...	...	15.2	13.9	14.2	15.3	...	13.6	13.5	13.5	15.0	15.3	17.0	14.7
1321	...	...	...	12.9	12.1	12.8	12.3	...	12.3	12.1	12.8	12.9	12.0	13.3	12.5
1322	...	...	...	11.9	11.6	11.4	11.7	...	11.2	10.4	13.2	11.7	10.5	11.1	11.4

Horse gram.

1313	...	...	...	24.7	23.0	25.5	26.9	...	22.2	...	23.1	24.4	22.6	23.3	23.5
1314	...	...	...	18.1	19.5	18.10	21.2	...	17.7	...	19.3	20.2	16.9	17.9	18.3
1315	...	...	...	11.70	11.74	11.94	11.51	...	11.33	...	12.31	13.67	11.69	12.71	11.83
1316	...	...	...	13.6	13.0	13.9	12.8	...	11.9	...	12.9	10.7	12.4	12.9	12.4
1317	...	...	...	18.0	15.8	19.0	16.3	...	...	14.5	16.6	19.2	15.9	15.2	16.2
1318	...	...	...	13.1	12.7	13.5	...	...	...	...	13.3	13.6	13.6	13.7	13.4
1319	...	...	...	11.3	10.7	11.6	...	...	...	...	11.3	10.8	11.3	10.2	11.0
1320	...	...	...	13.4	12.4	13.7	...	...	11.9	...	12.4	11.1	...	11.8	12.5
1321	...	...	...	14.5	12.5	14.6	13.2	...	12.9	...	12.9	10.0	...	13.0	12.9
1322	...	...	...	14.1	14.0	14.7	13.1	...	12.6	11.4	12.3	9.7	...	12.9	12.7

XVIII.—Prices in seers per rupee—*cont.*

Fasli.	Dindigul Division.				Usilampatti Division.				Melur Division.		(13)	District average.	
	Dindigul Taluk.	Palni Taluk.	Nilakottai Taluk.	Kodai-kannal Taluk.	Tirumangalam Taluk.		Periyakulam Taluk.	Uttamapattinam.	Madura.	Melur Taluk.			
					Tirumangalam.	Usilampatti.							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)		
	Dindigul.	Vedasandur.	Palni.	Nilakottai.	Kodai-kannal.	Tirumangalam.	Usilampatti.	Periyakulam.	Uttamapattinam.				
1313	25.5	27.8	24.3	30.8	...	24.7	25.7	33.1	37.7	23.7	16.8	27.0	
1314	26.2	21.0	19.1	22.3	...	21.5	23.7	25.0	28.3	17.0	19.6	21.8	
1315	12.63	12.40	11.89	15.17	...	13.06	15.19	16.04	14.91	12.17	13.54	13.70	
1316	12.5	12.2	11.6	16.6	...	13.6	16.8	18.4	12.5	12.4	16.5	14.3	
1317	13.6	14.3	13.2	16.5	...	12.6	17.1	19.2	20.2	12.8	10.5	15.0	
1318	12.8	12.4	12.1	15.3	...	...	15.7	17.8	18.5	12.1	12.7	14.4	
1319	13.4	12.8	12.4	16.0	...	13.4	13.9	13.3	17.0	12.1	...	13.8	
1320	12.9	12.8	12.8	16.8	...	15.0	15.7	14.7	18.5	13.2	...	14.7	
1321	11.7	12.0	11.6	13.6	...	12.9	13.4	11.0	14.9	10.9	13.7	12.6	
1322	10.6	11.2	10.3	12.6	...	11.0	12.9	11.1	16.3	10.2	9.9	11.6	
Cholam.													
1313	25.5	27.8	24.3	30.8	...	24.7	25.7	33.1	37.7	23.7	16.8	27.0	
1314	26.2	21.0	19.1	22.3	...	21.5	23.7	25.0	28.3	17.0	19.6	21.8	
1315	12.63	12.40	11.89	15.17	...	13.06	15.19	16.04	14.91	12.17	13.54	13.70	
1316	12.5	12.2	11.6	16.6	...	13.6	16.8	18.4	12.5	12.4	16.5	14.3	
1317	13.6	14.3	13.2	16.5	...	12.6	17.1	19.2	20.2	12.8	10.5	15.0	
1318	12.8	12.4	12.1	15.3	...	...	15.7	17.8	18.5	12.1	12.7	14.4	
1319	13.4	12.8	12.4	16.0	...	13.4	13.9	13.3	17.0	12.1	...	13.8	
1320	12.9	12.8	12.8	16.8	...	15.0	15.7	14.7	18.5	13.2	...	14.7	
1321	11.7	12.0	11.6	13.6	...	12.9	13.4	11.0	14.9	10.9	13.7	12.6	
1322	10.6	11.2	10.3	12.6	...	11.0	12.9	11.1	16.3	10.2	9.9	11.6	

XIX.—Income-tax.

(Part IV. "Other sources" only.)

Taluka.	Rs. 1,000 to 1,500.		Rs. 1,500 to 2,000.		Above Rs. 2,000.		Total.		Incidence of tax.		Objection petitions.	
(1)	Number of assesses.	Amount of tax.	Number of assesses.	Amount of tax.	Number of assesses.	Amount of tax.	Number of assesses.	Amount of tax.	Per head of assesses.	Per head of population.	Number.	Percentage of those wholly or partially successful.
(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	
DINDIGUL DIVISION.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	PIER.			
Dindigul { 1910-1911	70	1,564	37	1,528	41	3,428	148	6,520	44 0 10	33	34	20.5
... { 1911-1912	71	1,620	40	1,474	40	3,240	151	6,340	41 15 9	32	44	43.1
... { 1912-1913	79	1,820	38	1,434	45	3,746	162	7,000	43 8 4	35	51	64.3
Palni { 1910-1911	53	1,248	64	2,303	38	3,547	155	7,188	46 5 11	63	39	15.3
... { 1911-1912	65	1,453	59	2,205	37	3,977	161	7,635	47 6 9	60	61	14.7
... { 1912-1913	71	1,620	57	2,086	37	4,105	165	7,812	47 5 6	68	68	19.4
Nilakottai { 1910-1911	26	560	11	427	10	1,184	47	2,171	47 0 8	20	16	12.5
... { 1911-1912	36	824	20	763	14	1,988	70	3,575	51 1 2	34	32	9.3
... { 1912-1913	30	844	23	917	15	1,950	68	3,711	54 9 2	36	42	55.5
Kodaikanal { 1910-1911	12	256	2	77	9	954	23	1,287	55 15 5	11.3	9	44.4
... { 1911-1912	12	256	2	70	6	581	20	907	45 5 7	7.9	7	57.1
... { 1912-1913	13	268	2	84	5	430	20	782	39 1 7	6.8	5	87.5

XIX.—Income-tax—cont.

(Part IV. "Other sources" only)—cont.

Taluk.	(1)	Rs. 1,000 to 1,500.		Rs. 1,500 to 2,000.		Above Rs. 2,000.		Total.		Incidence of tax.		Objection petitions.	
		Number of assesses.	Amount of tax.	Number of assesses.	Amount of tax.	Number of assesses.	Amount of tax.	Number of assesses.	Amount of tax.	Per head of assesses.	Per head of population.	Number.	Percentage of these wholly or partially successful.
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	
USILAMPATI DIVISION.													
Tirumangalam.	{ 1910-1911	53	1,220	29	1,134	67	8,017	149	10,371	69 9 8	0 6 4	39	28 2
	{ 1911-1912	58	1,354	34	1,281	72	9,058	164	11,093	71 4 9	0 7 2	49	44 8
	{ 1912-1913	50	1,268	32	1,211	68	9,177	150	11,050	77 10 8	0 7 2	22	29 3
Periyakulam.	{ 1910-1911	77	1,748	40	1,324	61	8,226	178	11,303	63 8 0	0 5 9	73	23 2
	{ 1911-1912	84	1,890	42	1,610	60	8,001	186	11,501	61 13 .	0 6 0	168	19 1
	{ 1912-1913	77	1,746	52	1,859	58	8,595	187	12,200	65 3 10	0 6 4	35	41 4
MELUR DIVISION.													
Madura ..	{ 1910-1911	167	3,812	117	4,729	232	36,573	516	45,114	87 6 11	2 8 8	160	35
	{ 1911-1912	226	5,208	143	5,730	265	40,992	634	51,980	81 14 6	3 1 8	220	25 9
	{ 1912-1913	159	3,652	136	5,359	291	45,038	586	54,629	93 3 6	3 3 7	191	48 1
Melur ..	{ 1910-1911	37	968	16	623	31	3,119	84	4,610	54 14 1	0 5 1	11	...
	{ 1911-1912	82	768	32	1,063	29	3,064	93	4,865	52 4 11	0 5 4	10	10
	{ 1912-1913	40	888	24	924	31	3,373	95	5,185	54 9 3	0 5 8	31	21 0
District Total.		{ 1910-1911	495	316	2,240	489	65,048	1,300	88,564	68 2 0	0 0 2	381	22 4
		{ 1911-1912	584	372	14,166	523	70,907	1,479	98,445	66 9 0	0 0 10	615	28 0
		{ 1912-1913	519	364	13,854	550	77,009	1,433	102,969	71 13 8	0 0 10	447	45 3

NOTE.—The territorial limits of the district were revised in 1910. Hence figures have been given for three years only.

XX.--Abkārī and Opium.

	1910-11.	1911-12.	1912-13.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
<i>Country Spirits.</i>			
Number of retail shops licensed ...	271	266	265
Issues in imperial proof gallons ...	58,058	63,927	64,505
Number of persons per retail shop ...	7,132	7,266	7,294
Gross receipts from duty ... <i>Rs.</i>	3,29,380	4,02,193	4,06,072
Do. rentals ... "	1,28,298	1,49,483	1,65,322
<i>Toddy.</i>			
Number of retail shops licensed ...	320	320	304
Number of persons per shop ...	6,040	6,040	6,358
Gross receipts from tree-tax ... <i>Rs.</i>	1,41,288	1,49,949	1,57,213
Do. rentals ... "	2,76,731	3,30,357	3,39,438
<i>Ganja, Bhang.</i>			
Number of retail shops licensed ...	23	22	22
Quantity sold in seers ...	4,736	5,145	5,132
Number of persons per shop ...	84,030	87,856	87,856
Gross receipts from duty ... <i>Rs.</i>	19,528	31,189	31,867
Do. rentals ... "	25,062	26,768	27,021
<i>Opium.</i>			
Number of retail shops licensed ...	11	11	11
Quantity sold in seers ...	489	544	549
Number of persons per shop ...	175,698	175,712	175,712
Gross receipts from duty ... <i>Rs.</i>	10,497	11,009	13,810
Do. rentals ... "	11,330	13,616	15,380

NOTE.—The territorial limits of the district were revised in October 1910.

XXI.--Revenue Receipts.

	1910-11.	1911-12.	1912-13.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
	<i>RS.</i>	<i>RS.</i>	<i>RS.</i>
Land Revenue ...	29,09,725	26,43,954	26,75,292
Stamps ...	8,92,841	8,60,807	8,29,011
Excise ...	9,38,923	11,10,341	11,46,149
Income-tax, including penalties ...	1,17,845	1,27,163	1,43,411
Forests ...	2,42,165	2,53,393	1,92,561
Registration ...	2,43,937	2,63,571	2,70,825
Opium ...	21,827	24,625	29,190
Salt ...	3,827	3,701	3,738
Customs ...	...	...	...

NOTE.—(1) The figures under Forests are for fiscal years.
 (2) The figures under Registration are for calendar years and relate to the registration district of Madurai.
 (3) The figures under salt are for Trichinopoly Sub-Division.
 (4) The territorial limits of the district were revised in October 1910. Hence figures have been furnished for three years only.

XXIII.—Income and Expenditure of Local Boards in 1912-13.

(1)	District Board.	Taluk Boards including unions in them.				Total.
		Madura.	Melur.	Usilampatti.	Dindigul.	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
REVENUE AND RECEIPTS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
<i>Land Revenue.</i>						
House tax ... ..	...	2,475	3,951	26,446	10,583	43,455
Rents, etc., of fisheries ...	...	14,727	5,003	6,888	5,136	31,754
Miscellaneous	3	...	...	...	...	3
<i>Local Rates.</i>						
Cess on land	98,859	15,352	13,164	33,383	35,960	197,718
Railway cess	52,497	...	...	...	...	52,497
<i>Interest.</i>						
On Government securities, etc.	11,149	27	11	322	40	11,549
<i>Law and Justice—Courts of Law.</i>						
Fines under Police and other Acts.	39	262	145	1,338	1,681	3,606
<i>Education.</i>						
School fees ... ..	...	81	333	1,745	1,289	3,448
Contributions	1,329	5,678	2,747	8,860	9,963	28,077
Other receipts	2	...	...	...	2	4
<i>Medical.</i>						
Hospital receipts ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...
Contributions	649	18	399	1,539	692	3,297
Other receipts	354	17	177	1,113	199	1,860
<i>Minor Departments.</i>						
Veterinary, etc., receipts.	840	...	...	...	...	840
<i>Miscellaneous.</i>						
Coultry receipts	4,840	...	244	1,679	249	7,012
Market and slaughter-house receipts.	...	368	5,345	16,410	25,400	47,523
Contributions	4,624	...	2,221	2,395	...	9,240
Other receipts	4,073	282	87	798	1,829	7,069
<i>Railways.</i>						
Net receipts ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...

XXIII.—Income and Expenditure of Local Boards in 1912-13—*cont.*

(1)	District Board. (2)	Taluk Boards including unions in them.				Total. (7)
		Madura. (3)	Melur. (4)	Usilampati. (5)	Dindigul. (6)	
REVENUE AND RECEIPTS— <i>cont.</i>	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
<i>Civil Works.</i>						
Ferry receipts	2,715	...	...	...	...	2,715
Tolls	1,05,861	...	...	...	...	1,05,861
<i>Contributions.</i>						
Contribution from Government.	76,600	5,785	8,000	14,000	12,584	1,16,969
Other contributions ...	8,283	2,271	2,364	3,503	4,121	20,544
Debt, deposit and advances.	70,163	14,706	4,176	10,422	16,574	1,16,136
Total Receipts	4,42,880	62,079	48,367	1,30,541	1,27,909	8,11,176
EXPENDITURE.						
<i>Refunds.</i>						
Land Revenue and Local Rates ... ..	...		5	2	...	7
<i>Interest.</i>						
On loans, etc. ... ..	...	...	..	...	...	...
<i>General administration.</i>						
General establishment of local funds.	4,952	1,178	1,595	5,176	3,454	16,355
Other expenditure ...	4,765	90	176	598	789	6,418
<i>Education.</i>						
Secondary schools ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Elementary schools ...	...	3,478	6,541	17,598	19,438	47,055
Other schools	2,295	...	..	...	...	2,295
Other expenditure ...	634	..	...	..	...	634
<i>Medical.</i>						
Hospitals and dispensaries.	5,430	...	3,054	12,188	15,725	36,397
Vaccination	5,893	..	...	...	...	5,893
Sanitation ... ..	...	627	2,383	16,796	7,883	27,689
Plague	3,666	...	...	...	...	3,666
Other epidemics ... ..	...	46	39	40	314	439
Other expenditure ...	4,771	...	...	...	...	4,571

XXIII.—Income and Expenditure of Local Boards in 1912-13—*cont.*

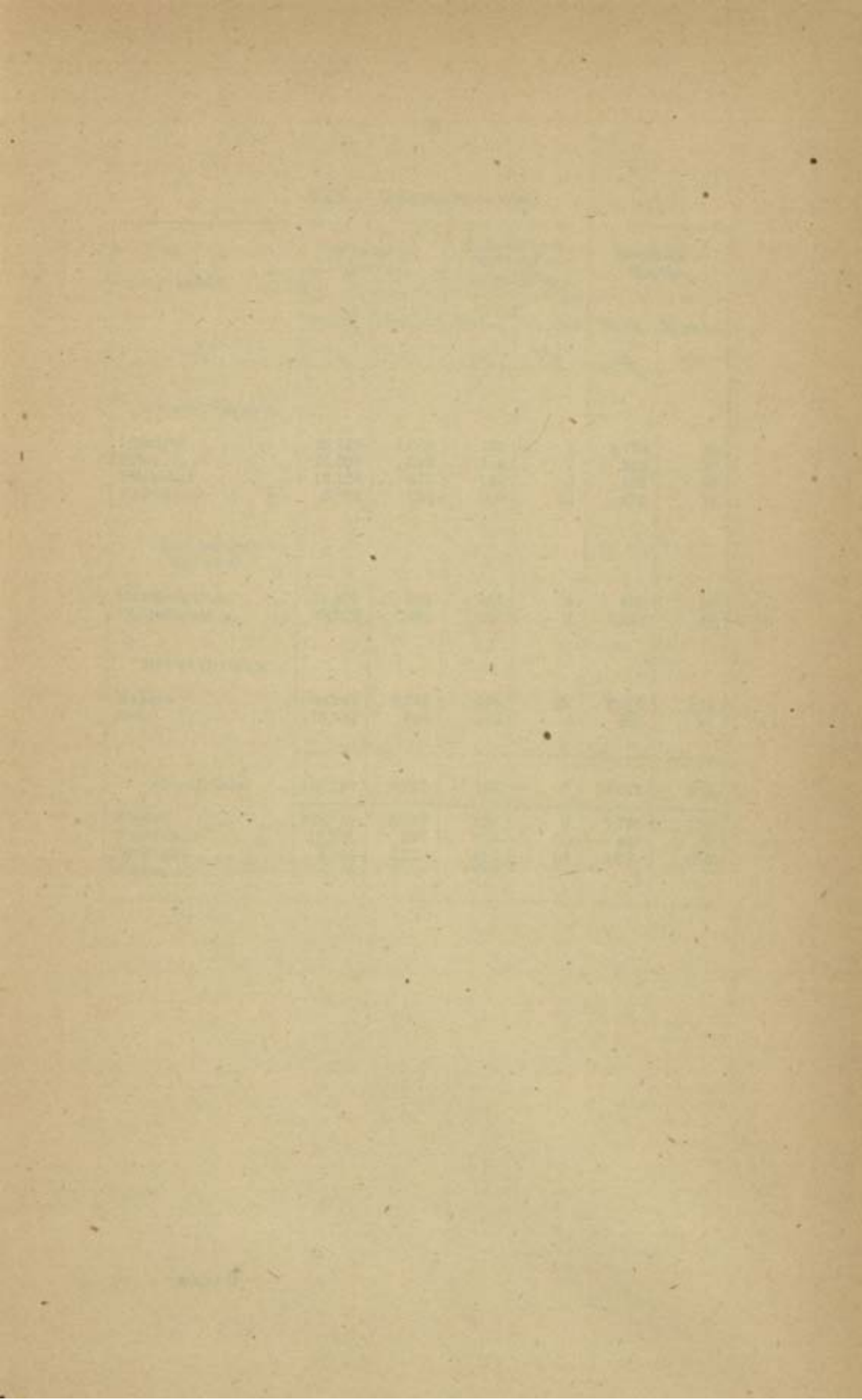
(1)	District Board. (2)	Taluk Boards including unions in them.				Total. (7)
		Madura. (3)	Melur. (4)	Usilam-patti. (5)	Pindigul. (6)	
EXPENDITURE— <i>cont.</i>	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
<i>Minor Departments.</i>						
Public exhibition and fairs.	...	...	...	...	...	...
Veterinary and other charges.	2,185	...	...	...	...	2,185
<i>Superannuation, etc.</i>						
Pensions, gratuities, etc.	4,487	51	51	89	328	5,006
<i>Stationery and Printing.</i>						
Stationery supplied from Central stores.	...	...	...	...	...	...
Printing work at Government and private presses.	351	43	142	776	282	1,594
<i>Miscellaneous.</i>						
Markets and slaughter houses.	...	...	176	1,035	680	1,891
Choultries ...	3,691	...	1,879	3,269	169	9,008
Lighting ...	...	310	762	3,470	1,478	5,820
Other expenditure ..	945	78	212	164	117	1,516
<i>Railways.</i>						
Construction of Railways.	...	...	...	...	...	...
Other expenditure ...	2,926	...	...	...	...	2,926
<i>Civil Works.</i>						
Civil Buildings ...	11,131	1,405	4,839	7,540	8,750	33,665
Communications ...	1,31,312	28,532	27,987	38,621	60,514	2,66,066
Sanitary works and other works of public improvements.	3,547	4,861	6,520	12,301	12,421	39,650
Establishment, tools and plant.	18,178	4,333	4,780	7,275	10,171	44,747
Contributions ...	23,708	...	...	...	...	23,708
Other expenditure	169	...	111	354	445	1,079
Debt, deposit and advances.	1,10,933	15,391	3,774	8,102	16,093	1,54,293
Total Expenditure ...	3,46,169	60,423	64,136	1,25,194	1,59,051	7,64,973

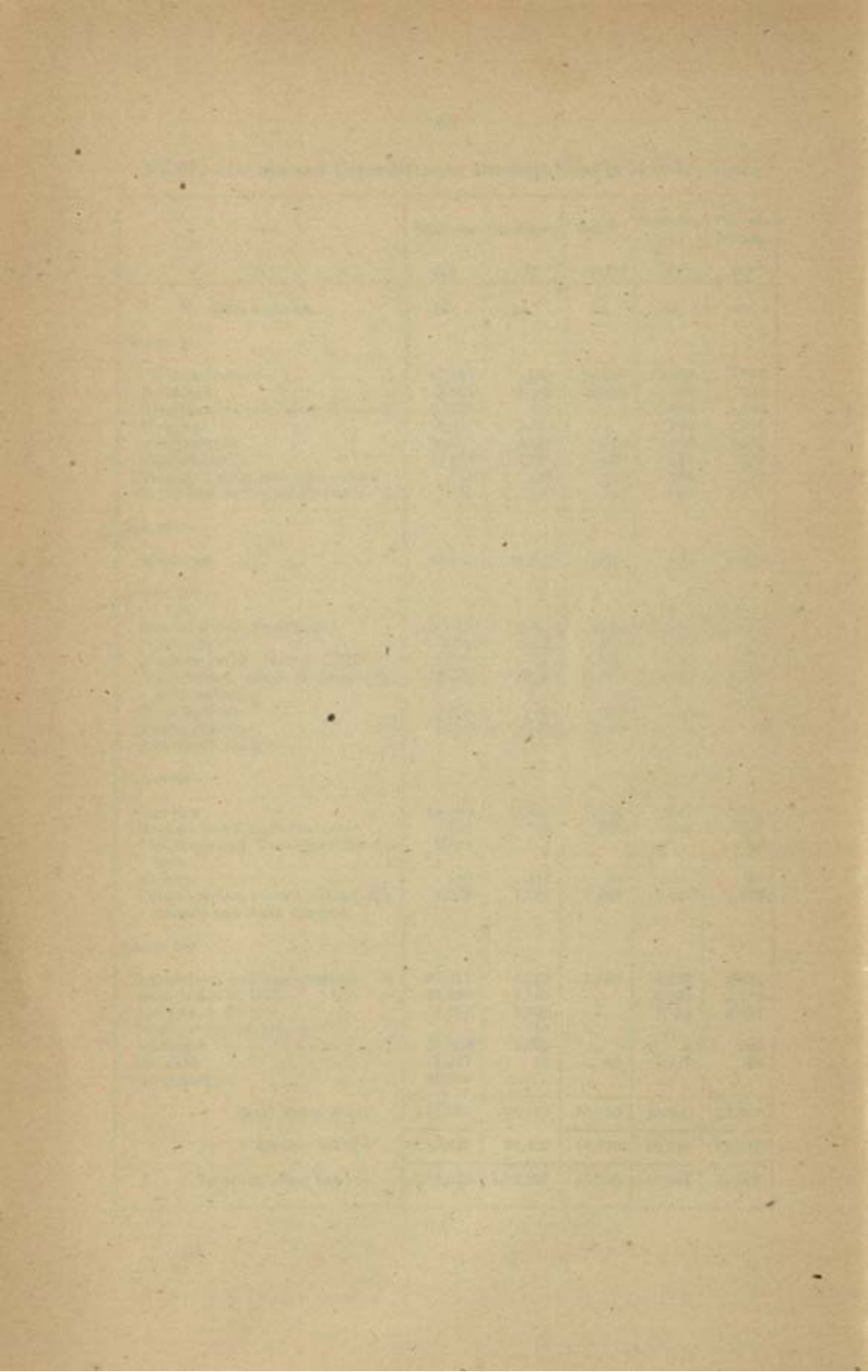
XXIV.—Income and Expenditure of Municipalities in 1912-13.

	Madura.	Dindigul.	Palni.	Kodaikanal.	Periyakulam.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
Opening balance	1,23,974	20,303	3,650	9,612	3,608
RECEIPTS.					
Tax on buildings and lands ...	1,17,537	13,586	8,120	6,135	6,981
Water and drainage tax on buildings and lands	71,430	6,856	...	5,918	5,668
Tax on vehicles with springs, animals and carts	20,876	4,320	2,210	864	2,790
Tax on arts	20,224	1,951	1,180	673	1,003
Tolls	32,297	12,001	8,000	1,025	7,592
Tax on private, menial and domestic servants.	...	...	...	3,014	...
Realizations under special Acts ...	168	100	40	13	53
Rent of lands, buildings, etc., and sale-proceeds of lands, etc.	20,706	3,150	200	409	526
Conservancy receipts... ..	23,125	452	330	4	952
Fees and Revenue from—					
Educational Institutions	439	6,724	190	...	...
Medical Institutions	583	81	70	560	68
Markets and slaughter-houses ...	23,451	8,348	790	1,094	1,405
License fees	18,391	968	800	347	522
Other fees	498	41	50	20	260
Fines under Municipal and other Acts.	10,308	332	50	642	727
Interest on investments and premium on loans.	4,084	87	...	204	...
Grants and contributions from—					
Government	1,57,587	17,871	25,920	4,138	9,800
Local Boards	5,200	2,000	1,000	...	750
Other sources	700	...	...	118	...
Recoveries for services rendered to private individuals.	19,804	2,747	1,830	1,487	1,598
Miscellaneous	1,206	109	1,160	9	3,324
Sale-proceeds of Government securities and realizations of Sinking Fund.	1,101	5,000	...	...	...
Loans ... ..	...	5,180	...	4,200	...
Advances recovered	11,384	...	10	11	3,940
Total Receipts ...	5,61,119	91,904	51,950	30,886	47,968
Total including balance ...	6,85,093	1,12,207	55,600	40,498	51,576

XXIV.—Income and Expenditure of Municipalities in 1912-13—*cont.*

—	Madura.	Dindigul.	Palni.	Kodaikanal.	Periyakulam.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
EXPENDITURE.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
GRANT 1—					
Communications	40,943	5,093	10,240	3,524	3,776
Buildings	9,969	13,406	2,070	801	349
Miscellaneous public improvements.	12,120	978	...	3,695	1,148
Drainage	6,997	2,165	...	264	110
Water-supply	29,127	2,429	180	116	5,502
Establishment	12,254	4,151	460	546	276
Tools and plant and other stores.	739	197	30	62	19
Contributions for public works ...	550	200	...	100	...
GRANT 2—					
Education	14,163	8,339	2,930	234	1,500
GRANT 3—					
Hospitals and Dispensaries ...	31,148	6,636	3,730	2,603	3,371
Vaccination	1,048	215	210	97	193
Registration of births and deaths ..	1,111	341	140	30	167
Conservancy, road cleaning and road watering.	99,042	14,512	8,780	3,362	7,958
Contributions	2,381	81	40	47	53
Plague charges	7,500	420	2,900	6	6
Veterinary charges .. ..	...	...	...	...	...
GRANT 4—					
Lighting	14,394	2,985	2,000	637	1,887
Markets and Slaughter-houses ...	756	88	230	188	105
Choultries and Travellers' Bungalows	2,823	7	...	...	19
Avenues	530	411	60	...	26
Public garden, survey of land, fire, pounds and other charges.	8,262	1,790	1,280	437	1,933
GRANT 5—					
Supervision and management ...	21,227	5,582	1,560	2,227	2,841
Repayment of debt	13,090	1,861	...	2,032	2,113
Interest on debt	7,675	1,306	...	1,624	3,691
Discount on investment ... ..	...	151	...	...	...
Advances	74,054	2,397	...	1	640
Refunds	1,277	37	40	1,327	48
Investments... ..	28,050	...	...	...	...
Total Expenditure ...	4,41,260	75,778	36,830	24,280	37,229
Closing balance ..	2,43,833	36,419	18,770	16,218	14,347
Total including balance ...	6,85,093	1,12,207	55,600	40,498	51,576





XXV. Education in 1911.

Taluks.	Number of literates.		Literates per thousand of population.		Literates in English.	
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
DINDIGUL DIVISION.						
Dindigul ...	25,125	1,060	135	5	1,196	55
Palni ...	16,397	835	154	7	285	30
Nilakottai ...	13,128	605	135	6	538	23
Kodaikanal ...	2,021	239	180	22	275	98
USILAMPATTI DIVISION.						
Tirumangalam ...	21,877	569	142	4	477	23
Periyakulam ...	29,812	1,384	167	7	1,125	42
MELUR DIVISION.						
Madura ...	38,247	3,745	294	28	5,860	613
Melur ...	13,531	358	164	4	265	11
District Total ..	160,138	8,795	169	9	10,021	895
Hindus ...	189,753	5,828	159	6	7,721	78
Musalman ...	12,791	397	398	10	439	11
Christians ...	7,585	2,570	254	84	1,859	806
Others ...	9	...	818	...	2	...

XXVI.—Schools and scholars on the 31st March 1913.

Class of institutions.	Number of institutions.						Number of scholars.			
	Government.	Municipal.	Local Fund.	Native States.	Aided.	Unaided.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
PUBLIC.										
Arts Colleges ..	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	230	...	230
Professional Colleges—										
(a) { Secondary schools for boys ...	...	1	...	...	12	...	13	5,311	11	5,322
{ Secondary schools for girls ...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	1	153	154
(b) { Higher Elementary schools for boys ...	...	1	1	...	4	...	6	912	46	958
{ Higher Elementary schools for girls ...	2	...	...	...	6	...	8	25	1,220	1,245
(c) { Lower Elementary schools for boys ...	1	10	183	...	445	142	781	36,023	1,838	37,861
{ Lower Elementary schools for girls ...	...	1	7	...	30	4	42	92	2,654	2,746
Training schools for masters ...	1	...	2	...	1	...	4	217	...	217
Training schools for mistresses ...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	31	31
Other special schools ...	2	...	...	...	3	3	8	261	38	299
Total ...	6	13	193	...	505	149	866	43,072	5,991	49,063
PRIVATE.										
Advanced ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14	162	24	186
Elementary ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	198	4,740	578	5,318
Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	212	4,902	602	5,504
Grand Total ...	6	13	193	...	505	149	1,078	47,974	6,593	54,567

(a) Includes European High and Middle schools.

(b) Relates to Elementary schools with standards above the fourth.

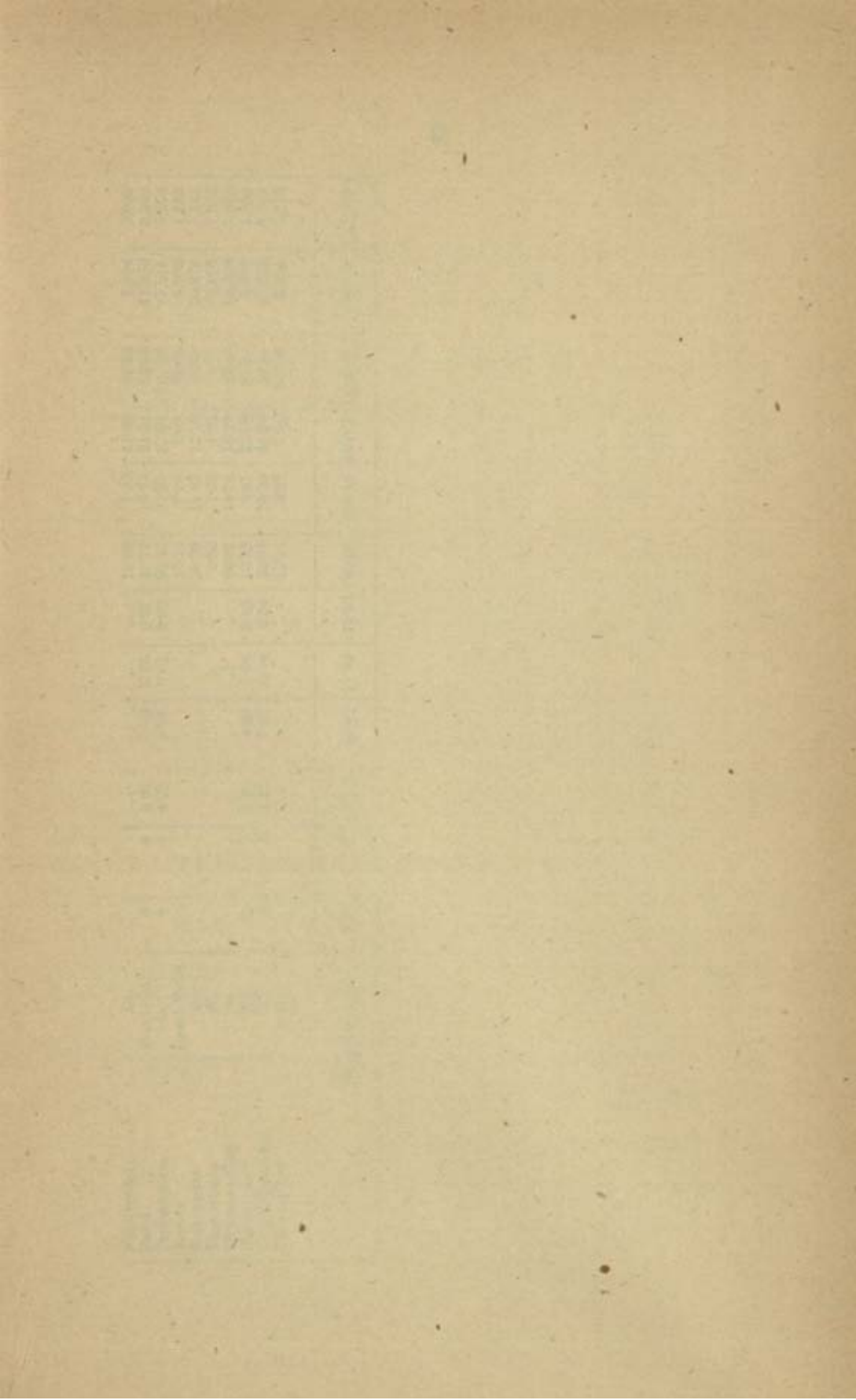
(c) Relates to Elementary schools with standards up to and including the fourth and Elementary schools with standard below the fourth and European primary schools

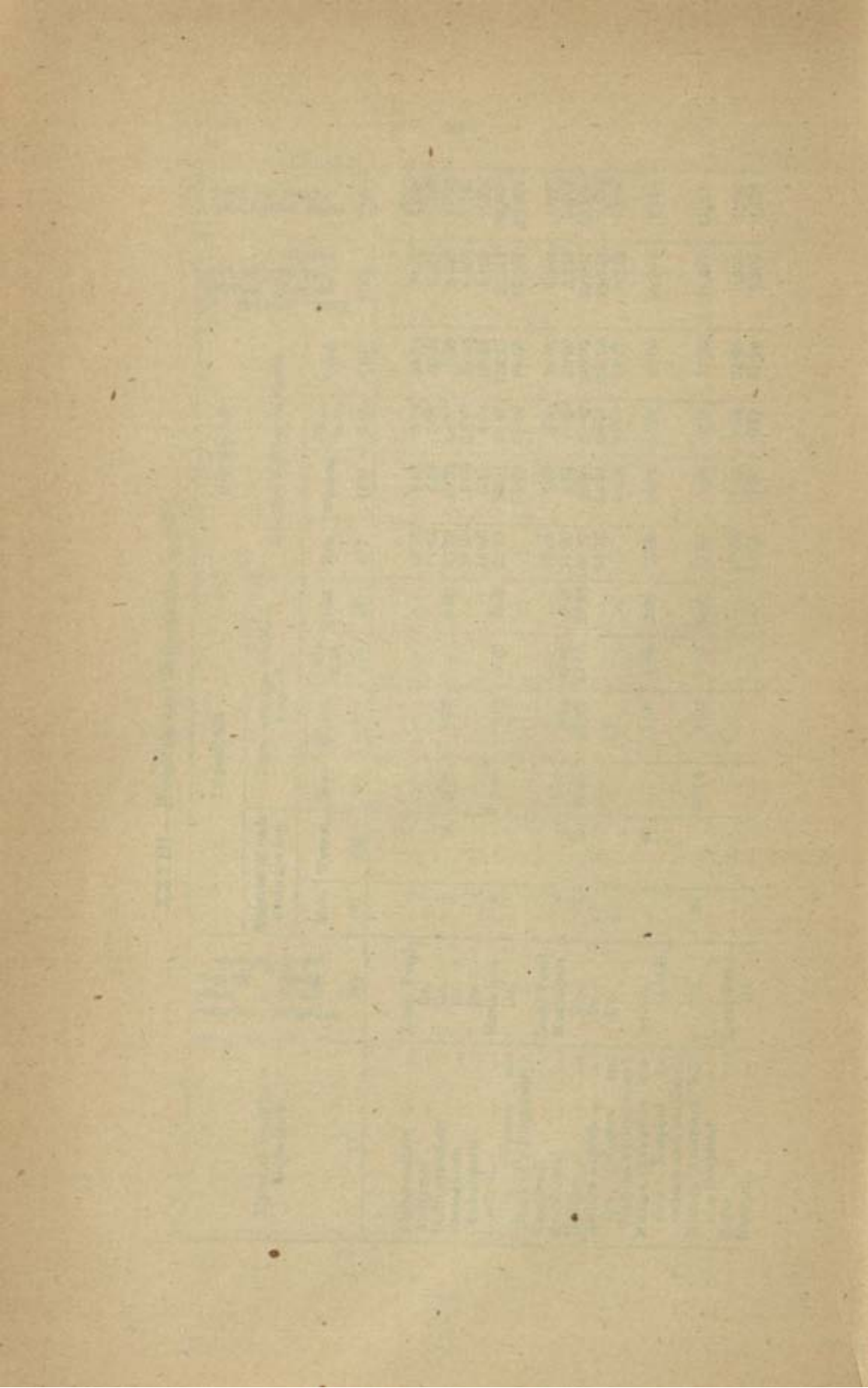
XXVII.—Expenditure on Schools in 1912-13.

Nature of schools.	Expenditure on all classes of schools.		Colleges.		Secondary schools.		Higher Elementary schools.		Lower Elementary schools.		Training schools.		Technical and Industrial schools.	
(1)	Total.	Net.	Total expenditure.	Net expenditure.	Total expenditure.	Net expenditure.	Total expenditure.	Net expenditure.	Total expenditure.	Net expenditure.	Total expenditure.	Net expenditure.	Total expenditure.	Net expenditure.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
Government ...	Rs. 37,853	Rs. 30,164	Rs. ...	Rs. ...	Rs. ...	Rs. ...	Rs. 3,603	Rs. 3,603	Rs. 1,067	Rs. 979	Rs. 10,359	Rs. 10,353	Rs. 22,084	Rs. 15,199
Local Board ...	49,086	45,701	...	...	...	...	1,014	564	45,834	42,899	2,238	2,238	...	...
Municipal ...	16,974	9,162	...	...	6,373	625	1,438	1,084	9,163	8,703	...	...	...	...
Aided ...	3,45,602	1,11,891	62,580	29,384	1,40,540	24,800	18,449	12,907	1,06,168	39,507	1,400	2,851	3,069	2,382
Unaided ...	13,599	6,357	...	...	...	...	...	...	10,562	5,510	...	...	3,037	847
Private ...	13,501	2,155	...	...	1,944	1,320	...	...	11,557	835	...	...	...	...
District Total.	4,76,015	2,05,430	62,580	29,384	1,40,163	25,495	24,704	18,158	1,84,341	98,493	27,037	15,472	28,190	18,428
Receipts (taken in statement of charges in working out net expenditure) from—														
Provincial funds.	...	32,993	...	14,380	...	29,444	...	1,831	...	35,737	...	11,501	...	100
Local funds	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Municipal funds.	...	10,294	...	...	...	...	...	2,445	...	7,849	...	...	...	...
School fees	...	1,63,640	...	16,908	...	30,899	...	2,270	...	41,488	...	48	...	1,927
Subscriptions	...	1,327	...	84	...	627	...	...	...	616	...	...	...	...
Endowments	...	5,531	...	1,824	...	2,676	...	...	...	156	...	...	...	875
Other sources	...	6,900	...	...	...	22	...	...	...	2	...	16	...	6,860

XXVIII.—Hospitals and Dispensaries in 1912.

Name of hospital or dispensary.	(1)	Whether Govern-ment, Local, Municipal or Private.	In-patients.				Out-patients.				Total number of patients treated both in-door and out-door.	(13)	Total expenditure during the year.	(14)		
			Number of beds available for		Daily average number treated.		Average daily attendance.									
			Men.	Women.	Men.	Women.	Chil- dren.	Total.	Men.	Women.					Chil- dren.	Total.
			(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)					(11)	(12)
Alanganallor	18-36	8-62	7-74	34-72	7,083	Rs. 1,468			
Andipatti	11-54	5-58	9-06	26-48	5,001	1,594			
Bodinayakanur	1	0-23	..	0-59	..	24-99	10-53	12-78	48-28	8,002	2,045			
Batlagundu	25-98	15-06	18-50	57-54	8,403	7,745			
Chathrapatti	13-46	6-19	8-58	28-23	4,150	1,566			
Dindigul	8	..	1-07	0-27	2-13	72-73	20-01	31-41	124-15	16,513	32,980			
Do. (Women and Children's Dispensary).	51-66	45-12	96-78	17,037	16,087			
Kannivadi	13-05	7-83	8-80	29-68	6,384	1,687			
Kodaikanal	2	1-75	..	2-54	..	14-90	4-55	6-45	25-80	5,242	6,369			
Madura	52	20	77-41	12-00	121-23	104-27	49-58	45-07	198-92	33,367	28,063			
Madura Branch	83-76	24-31	28-67	136-74	22,747	9,484			
Do. (Women and Children's Dispensary).	49-42	23-15	72-57	9,759	1,724			
Madura (American Mis- sion Hospital for women and children).	40	1-20	..	0-80	2-00	3-99	19-80	16-81	40-60	14,204	9,588			
Madura American Mis- sion Hospital.		
Melur	28	20-14	3-12	26-56	..	67-32	2-70	3-20	73-22	11,577	11,219			
Natham	17-25	7-79	8-54	33-68	6,597	3,082			
Do.	14-65	7-37	9-77	31-79	5,209	1,128			





XXIX.—Vaccination.

Taluks and Municipalities.	Number of persons successfully vaccinated.			Registered birth rate per 1,000 of population in			Average number of successful cases of vaccination on children under one year during the three years ending 1912-13.
	1910-11.	1911-12.	1912-13.	1910.	1911.	1912.	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Madura range...	8,244	9,419	11,899	Information not available.			5,572
Dindigul do. ...	11,822	11,081	10,749				7,117
Periyakulam range.	11,381	12,388	15,410				8,534
<i>Municipalities.</i>							
Madura...	8,483	9,570	7,999	38	36	38	4,894
Dindigul	1,023	1,046	1,083	46	42	49	783
Palni ...	366	879	630	31	28	54	375
Periyakulam	793	769	793	50	43	42	634
Kodalkanal ...	118	131	91	62	41	33	81
District Total.	42,230	46,183	48,654	29	30	28	27,690

NOTE.—Information has not been furnished talukwar as this is a trial scheme area and the vaccinators have jurisdiction in two taluks.

XXX.—Civil Justice.

(Average of the statistics for the ten years 1903-12.)

Class of Court.	Number of all original suits disposed of.	Average value of suits of which value was estimable in money.	Number of appealable decrees passed in disposed of cases.	Appeals preferred.	Appeals decided.	Decisions confirmed.	Percentage of decisions confirmed to total disposals.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Village Courts ...	14,958	Rs. 43	5,027	37	37	27	73
Revenue Courts ...	1,444	73	519	119	119	105	88
District Munsifs' Courts.	2,577	1,316	1,706	257	238	146	61
Subordinate Judges' Courts.	69	12,110	38	1	8	6	75
District Judge's Court ...	14	48,539	11	4	2	1	50

XXXI.—Criminal Justice.

(Number of persons convicted of certain offences in each of the three years 1910—12).

Offence.	1910.	1911.	1912.
Murder	9	12	6
Culpable homicide	7	1	3
Hurts and assaults	363	312	351
Other offences against the person	71	156	56
Discoity	14	6	7
Robbery	9	11	14
House-breaking	81	51	91
Cattle theft	166	131	158
Other theft	294	268	328
Other offences against property	182	174	130
Offences against public tranquillity (chapter VIII)	239	175	202
Other offences against the Penal Code	1,826	1,804	654
Total	3,261	3,101	2,030
Security for keeping the peace and for good behaviour	120	120	165
Offences under Madras Salt Act (IV of 1889)	3	...	...
Offences under Madras Forest Act (V of 1882)	357	598	565
Offences under Abkūri Act (I of 1886)	67	68	121
Offences under Madras District Municipalities Act (IV of 1884)	1,311	1,423	2,239
Other offences against Special and Local laws	10,577	10,382	11,593
Grand Total	15,696	15,692	16,713

NOTE.—The territorial limits of the district were revised in October 1919.

XXXII.—Work of Criminal Courts.

(Average of the statistics for the ten years 1903—12).

Class of Courts.	Number of original cases instituted.	Number of appeals received.
(1)	(2)	(3)
Village Magistrates ... ..	...	...
Bench do.	7,969	...
Special do.	211	...
Stipendiary subordinate Magistrates	7,704	...
Deputy, Assistant and Joint Magistrates	587	683
District Magistrate	106	396
Court of Session	101	74

XXXIII.—Police and Jails in 1912.

Taluk.	Number of Police		Police force.						Number of known depre- dators.	Number of Sub-Jails.	Total accommodation in them.
	Stations.	Out-posts.	Inspectors.	Sub-Inspectors.	Head Constables.	Constables.	Police Talavarias.	Revenue Talavarias.			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
Madura Town ...	3	2	1	4	23	141	...	...	123	...	...
DINDIGUL DIVISION.											
Dindigul ...	3	1	1	4	12	72	5	*135	*113	1	34
Palni ...	10	...	1	7	14	94	5	...	88	2	44
Nilakottai ...	3	1	...	5	9	53	5	*135	*113	1	14
Kodaikanal ...	3	...	1	2	5	26	...	...	2	1	8
USILAMPATTI DIVISION.											
Tirumangalam ...	9	...	1	8	15	99	8	236	355	2	32
Periyakulam ...	9	...	2	4	7	50	4	101	164	2	42
MELUR DIVISION.											
Madura ...	3	1	1	6	11	73	8	95	40	...	...
Melur ...	3	1	...	4	9	56	...	150	60	1	24
Total ...	46	6	8	44	105	664	35	717	945	10	198

* Figures for Dindigul and Nilakottai taluks are not separately available.

Table 1. Summary of data for the 1991-1992 season.

Station	1991-1992				1992-1993				1993-1994				1994-1995				1995-1996			
	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr
Station 1	10	15	20	25	12	18	22	28	14	20	24	30	16	22	26	32	18	24	28	34
Station 2	12	18	22	28	14	20	24	30	16	22	26	32	18	24	28	34	20	26	30	36
Station 3	14	20	24	30	16	22	26	32	18	24	28	34	20	26	30	36	22	28	32	38
Station 4	16	22	26	32	18	24	28	34	20	26	30	36	22	28	32	38	24	30	34	40
Station 5	18	24	28	34	20	26	30	36	22	28	32	38	24	30	34	40	26	32	36	42
Station 6	20	26	30	36	22	28	32	38	24	30	34	40	26	32	36	42	28	34	38	44
Station 7	22	28	32	38	24	30	34	40	26	32	36	42	28	34	38	44	30	36	40	46
Station 8	24	30	34	40	26	32	36	42	28	34	38	44	30	36	40	46	32	38	42	48
Station 9	26	32	36	42	28	34	38	44	30	36	40	46	32	38	42	48	34	40	44	50
Station 10	28	34	38	44	30	36	40	46	32	38	42	48	34	40	44	50	36	42	46	52
Station 11	30	36	40	46	32	38	42	48	34	40	44	50	36	42	46	52	38	44	48	54
Station 12	32	38	42	48	34	40	44	50	36	42	46	52	38	44	48	54	40	46	50	56
Station 13	34	40	44	50	36	42	46	52	38	44	48	54	40	46	50	56	42	48	52	58
Station 14	36	42	46	52	38	44	48	54	40	46	50	56	42	48	52	58	44	50	54	60
Station 15	38	44	48	54	40	46	50	56	42	48	52	58	44	50	54	60	46	52	56	62
Station 16	40	46	50	56	42	48	52	58	44	50	54	60	46	52	56	62	48	54	58	64
Station 17	42	48	52	58	44	50	54	60	46	52	56	62	48	54	58	64	50	56	60	66
Station 18	44	50	54	60	46	52	56	62	48	54	58	64	50	56	60	66	52	58	62	68
Station 19	46	52	56	62	48	54	58	64	50	56	60	66	52	58	62	68	54	60	64	70
Station 20	48	54	58	64	50	56	60	66	52	58	62	68	54	60	64	70	56	62	66	72
Station 21	50	56	60	66	52	58	62	68	54	60	64	70	56	62	66	72	58	64	68	74
Station 22	52	58	62	68	54	60	64	70	56	62	66	72	58	64	68	74	60	66	70	76
Station 23	54	60	64	70	56	62	66	72	58	64	68	74	60	66	70	76	62	68	72	78
Station 24	56	62	66	72	58	64	68	74	60	66	70	76	62	68	72	78	64	70	74	80
Station 25	58	64	68	74	60	66	70	76	62	68	72	78	64	70	74	80	66	72	76	82
Station 26	60	66	70	76	62	68	72	78	64	70	74	80	66	72	76	82	68	74	78	84
Station 27	62	68	72	78	64	70	74	80	66	72	76	82	68	74	78	84	70	76	80	86
Station 28	64	70	74	80	66	72	76	82	68	74	78	84	70	76	80	86	72	78	82	88
Station 29	66	72	76	82	68	74	78	84	70	76	80	86	72	78	82	88	74	80	84	90
Station 30	68	74	78	84	70	76	80	86	72	78	82	88	74	80	84	90	76	82	86	92
Station 31	70	76	80	86	72	78	82	88	74	80	84	90	76	82	86	92	78	84	88	94
Station 32	72	78	82	88	74	80	84	90	76	82	86	92	78	84	88	94	80	86	90	96
Station 33	74	80	84	90	76	82	86	92	78	84	88	94	80	86	90	96	82	88	92	98
Station 34	76	82	86	92	78	84	88	94	80	86	90	96	82	88	92	98	84	90	94	100
Station 35	78	84	88	94	80	86	90	96	82	88	92	98	84	90	94	100	86	92	96	102
Station 36	80	86	90	96	82	88	92	98	84	90	94	100	86	92	96	102	88	94	98	104
Station 37	82	88	92	98	84	90	94	100	86	92	96	102	88	94	98	104	90	96	100	106
Station 38	84	90	94	100	86	92	96	102	88	94	98	104	90	96	100	106	92	98	102	108
Station 39	86	92	96	102	88	94	98	104	90	96	100	106	92	98	102	108	94	100	104	110
Station 40	88	94	98	104	90	96	100	106	92	98	102	108	94	100	104	110	96	102	106	112
Station 41	90	96	100	106	92	98	102	108	94	100	104	110	96	102	106	112	98	104	108	114
Station 42	92	98	102	108	94	100	104	110	96	102	106	112	98	104	108	114	100	106	110	116
Station 43	94	100	104	110	96	102	106	112	98	104	108	114	100	106	110	116	102	108	112	118
Station 44	96	102	106	112	98	104	108	114	100	106	110	116	102	108	112	118	104	110	114	120
Station 45	98	104	108	114	100	106	110	116	102	108	112	118	104	110	114	120	106	112	116	122
Station 46	100	106	110	116	102	108	112	118	104	110	114	120	106	112	116	122	108	114	118	124
Station 47	102	108	112	118	104	110	114	120	106	112	116	122	108	114	118	124	110	116	120	126
Station 48	104	110	114	120	106	112	116	122	108	114	118	124	110	116	120	126	112	118	122	128
Station 49	106	112	116	122	108	114	118	124	110	116	120	126	112	118	122	128	114	120	124	130
Station 50	108	114	118	124	110	116	120	126	112	118	122	128	114	120	124	130	116	122	126	132
Station 51	110	116	120	126	112	118	122	128	114	120	124	130	116	122	126	132	118	124	128	134
Station 52	112	118	122	128	114	120	124	130	116	122	126	132	118	124	128	134	120	126	130	136
Station 53	114	120	124	130	116	122	126	132	118	124	128	134	120	126	130	136	122	128	132	138
Station 54	116	122	126	132	118	124	128	134	120	126	130	136	122	128	132	138	124	130	134	140
Station 55	118	124	128	134	120	126	130	136	122	128	132	138	124	130	134	140	126	132	136	142
Station 56	120	126	130	136	122	128	132	138	124	130	134	140	126	132	136	142	128	134	138	144
Station 57	122	128	132	138	124	130	134	140	126	132	136	142	128	134	138	144	130	136	140	146
Station 58	124	130	134	140	126	132	136	142	128	134	138	144	130	136	140	146	132	138	142	148
Station 59	126	132	136	142	128	134	138	144	130	136	140	146	132	138	142	148	134	140	144	150
Station 60	128	134	138	144	130	136	140	146	132	138	142	148	134	140	144	150	136	142	146	152
Station 61	130	136	140	146	132	138	142	148	134	140	144	150	136	142	146	152	138	144	148	154
Station 62	132	138	142	148	134	140	144	150	136	142	146	152	138	144	148	154	140	146	150	156
Station 63	134	140	144	150	136	142	146	152	138	144	148	154	140	146	150	156	142	148	152	158
Station 64	136	142	146	152	138	144	148	154	140	146	150	156	142	148	152	158	144	150	154	160
Station 65	138	144	148	154	140	146	150	156	142	148	152	158	144	150	154	160	146	152	156	162
Station 66	140	146	150	156	142	148	152	158	144	150	154	160	146	152	156	162	148	154	158	164
Station 67	142	148	152	158	144	150	154	160	146	152	156	162	148	154	158	164	150	156	160	166
Station 68	144	150	154	160	146	152	156	162	148	154	158	164	150	156	160	166	152	158	162	168
Station 69	146	152	156	162	148	154	158	164	150	156	160	166	152	158	162	168	154	160	164	170
Station 70	148	154	158	164	150	156	160	166	152	158	162	168	154	160	164	170	156	162	166	172
Station 71	150	156	160	166	152	158	162	168	154	160	164	170	156	162	166					

SUPPLEMENT TO THE "A" VOLUME OF THE MADURA DISTRICT GAZETTEER.

CHAPTER III.

Page 111.—Add at the end of the page :—"The Sourashtras have also started a separate club to provide them not only with recreation but also to give them scope for the cultivation of a healthy spirit of co-operation and union. In 1908 some rich and educated members of the community joined together and by raising subscriptions among themselves erected the present fine building which occupies a fine situation on the south-east corner of the Big Teppakulam commanding a beautiful view of the tank and the central island with its picturesque grove. The club is now in a very flourishing condition with a membership of 110 and has two billiard tables and two tennis courts and a reading room. The club is open however, to all communities alike irrespective of caste, creed or colour and there are a good number of non-sourashtra members."

Principal
castes.

CHAPTER IV.

Page 119.—Insert at the end of paragraph 1 :—"There is a noteworthy increase in the cultivation of cotton, the district total having risen from 6.6 in 1903-04 to 9.2 in 1912-13. The reason is certainly due to the introduction of the "Combodia" or American cotton. Combodia cotton was not introduced in the southern districts or at any rate it did not attain popularity among the people before the year 1903 or 1904. People saw that there was profit in the cultivation of this kind of cotton and they readily accepted it. The consequence is that its rapid extension in so short a period is very marked."

Cotton.

Page 125.—Insert before paragraph 7 :—"The Berijam project was completed at a cost of Rs. 1,18,000. The advantage gained by Periyakulam municipality from the supply of pure water from the Berijam project is referred to in the notes on chapter XIV.

Page 126.—Add at the end of paragraph 1.—"The Suruliar channels and the Tenkarai channels with the tanks supplied by them are now classed as Periyar works and included in the Periyar system."

Tanks and
channels.

Page 130.—Insert before paragraph 1.—"In 1910 the water-shed cutting was widened and deepened and the width of the cutting now ranges from 26 to 34 feet and the level of the highest point of its bed has been lowered from 115 to 110 feet,

Periyar
project.

making it possible to draw off 5 feet more water than before. The real difficulty for generating electricity is that in many years the supply is insufficient to permit of water being passed down all the year and unless a constant minimum supply can be guaranteed, works for the generation of power cannot be installed, the capital expenditure required being very great. To get over the difficulty, it is now proposed to form another reservoir in the Cardamom Hills, west of Uthamapalayam by damming up the Kallar river. The water from this reservoir would be diverted to the Suruli river by a tunnel through the water-shed as was done in the case of the Periyar and would be used to supplement the water from the Periyar reservoir so that sufficient quantity could be reserved to permit of the minimum daily quantity required being passed out during the closure months. The project is now being investigated. The Kallar river and proposed reservoir is in Travancore territory."

Peranai
regulator.

The shutter gearings of the Peranai regulator which were not working properly are now being completely replaced by gearings of a more modern type at a cost of Rs. 62,000.

Main
canal.

The carrying capacity of the canal at its head is not 2,016 cusecs but about 1,450 cusecs.

Capital
cost.

The capital cost of the system up to the end of 1913-14 was Rs. 1,05,70,165 and the total estimated capital cost is now reckoned to be Rs. 1,06,48,949.

Area
commanded.

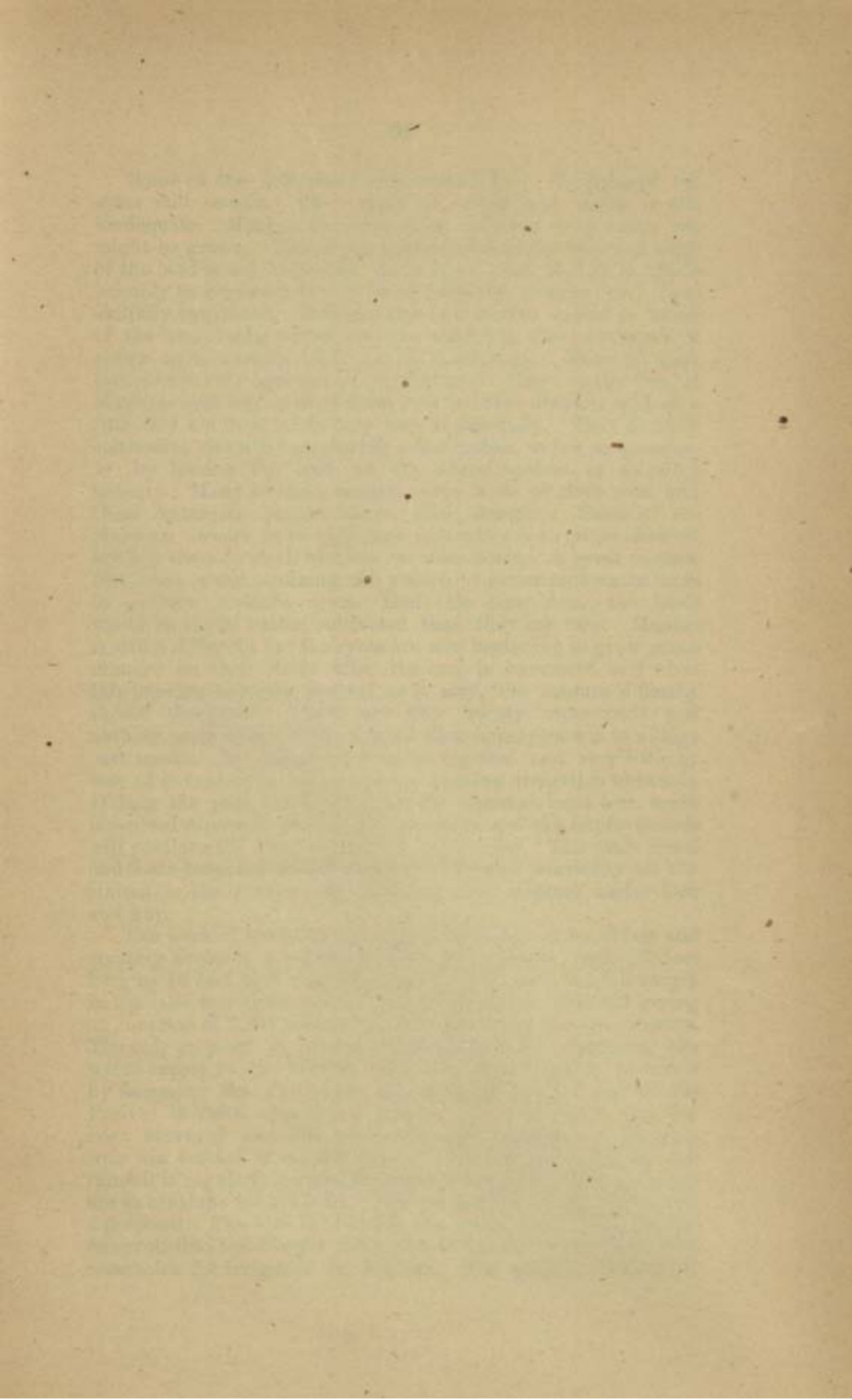
It is difficult to say what exactly is the cultivable area commanded as in theory the whole country to the Bay of Bengal is commanded if there were enough water. The area irrigable under the present system without any new channels or any extensions of channels is about 143,000 acres. This area includes all irrigable wastes and porambokes and does not include any area in Sivaganga zamindari though a certain area in that zamindari is now supplied in almost every year.

Single and
double crop
areas.

With the idea of economizing water the area under the main canal was divided into a single and double crop area in 1909 and from that year water has been supplied to the latter for two crops and to the former for only one crop. The double crop area comprises the first nine branch channels and its irrigable extent is 75,426 acres. The irrigable area in the single crop area is 55,323 acres. Proposals for reducing the double crop area by cutting out some of the outlying portions which are difficult to supply are now before Government.

Prospects of
extension
and of
cultivation.

The project has almost reached its limit and very little expansion in the area irrigated is possible with the present supply available. A certain amount of extension is possible in the double crop area largely by lands not yet reclaimed and which lie amongst the existing wet lands being reclaimed and brought under cultivation. The conversion of new lands to wet in the single crop area has been already forbidden.



Some of the difficulties enumerated have disappeared but some still remain. The supply of labour and cattle is still inadequate. Many of the ryots grow only one crop where two might be grown. This is in a measure due to the fact that much of the land is not fit for two crops every year though it might possibly be rendered fit if it were properly manured and more skilfully cultivated. It is also due to a certain extent to much of the land being owned by non-residents who purchased it either as a speculation or as an investment. Many of these owners are very ignorant of agriculture. They mostly live in Madura town but some of them live in other districts and as a rule they see their lands only very occasionally. They do their cultivation either by employing a few coolies, as few as possible, or by leasing the land on the share system to so-called tenants. Many of these tenants have lands of their own and these naturally receive their first attention. Some of the absentee owners have imported cultivators from other districts settling them in small hamlets on their lands. A great mistake was made in not confining the sales of Government waste lands to genuine resident ryots. Had this been done, the lands would be much better cultivated than they are now. Manure is still a difficulty but the ryots are now beginning to grow green manure on their fields after the crop is harvested and when this practice becomes general as it may, the manure difficulty should disappear. There are now plenty cross-roads and nothing more seems to be required than improvements to village cart tracks. No drains seem to be required and very little by way of extending or improving the existing irrigation channels. During the past five or six years the channels have been much improved especially the smaller branches and the improvements will continue till they are all in good order. The main canal and main branches are all in good order and practically all the sluices in the system are provided with shutters under lock and key.

The work of lowering the right bank escape by 8 feet and erecting across it a regulator with ten shutters each 36 feet long by 16 feet high was completed in 1907 and the full supply in the lake was then raised from level 146 to level 152 giving an increase of 2,361 millions of cubic feet in the storage capacity. The only proposal at present contemplated for increasing the water supply to the Periyar lake is to form another reservoir by damming the Pambayar, a river lying to the west of the Periyar in thick ever-green jungle. The catchment area has been surveyed and dam site tentatively selected. A gauging weir was erected across the river in 1910 and the river-flow and rainfall is regularly gauged throughout the year. The gaugings are to continue till 1917-18. The proposal is as yet very much a proposal. The idea is to direct the water from the proposed reservoir into the Periyar lake and to use the water from both reservoirs for irrigation in Madura. The project involves the

building of two dams and a great deal of tunnelling and probably the widening of the Periyar tunnel. It is likely to be very costly and it is doubtful if it will ever come to anything though the supply available is undoubtedly good."

Page 130.—*Add* at the end of paragraph 1:—"The appeal made to the High Court by Mr. Robert Fischer and others in the Peranai dam suit was dismissed and an appeal made to the Privy Council is now pending."

Page 131, line 7.—"The average area cultivated was in the quinquennium ending 1910-11, 29.6 per cent. larger and the assessment 36.8 per cent. than the corresponding figures of the quinquennium ending 1875-76."

Page 131.—*Insert* at the end as a fresh paragraph:—"A number of co-operative credit societies have come into existence since 1906-07. The number rose to 31 in 1910-11 and to 54 in 1912-13 besides eleven other societies that were formed after the close of that year. To quote the words of the Special Settlement officer from the draft scheme report 'The Co-operative movement has evidently taken strong root in this district.' In the Tirumangalam taluk attempt has been made to reclaim the criminal kallars by this means. As the movement gathers strength it is bound to do much to ameliorate the lot of the rural farmer. The kallar tracts in the north of Melur are still the most backward parts of the district. Wells have been sunk in the kallar villages of Tirumangalam but there is no great increase in the number of wells in Melur."

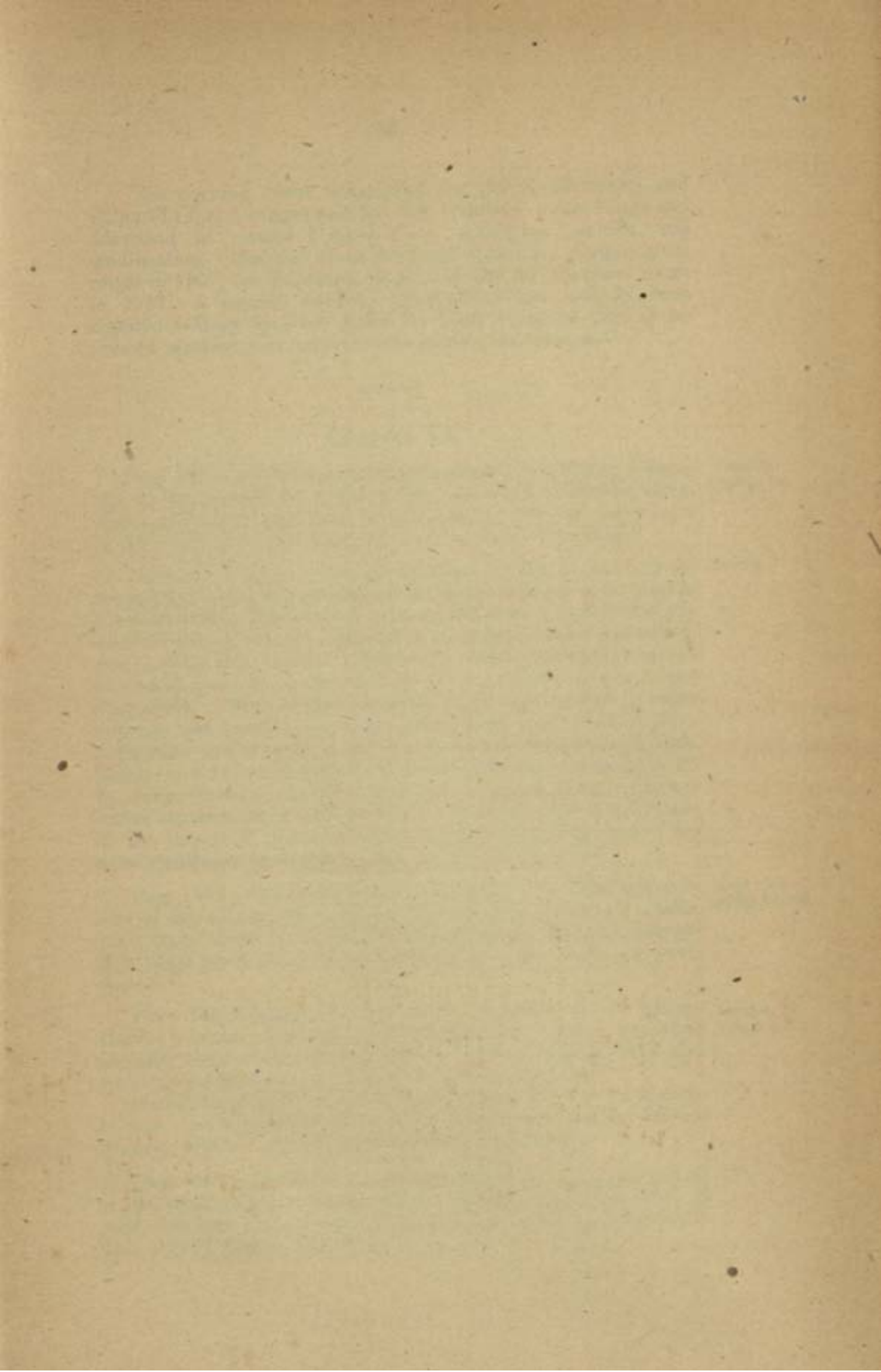
CHAPTER V.

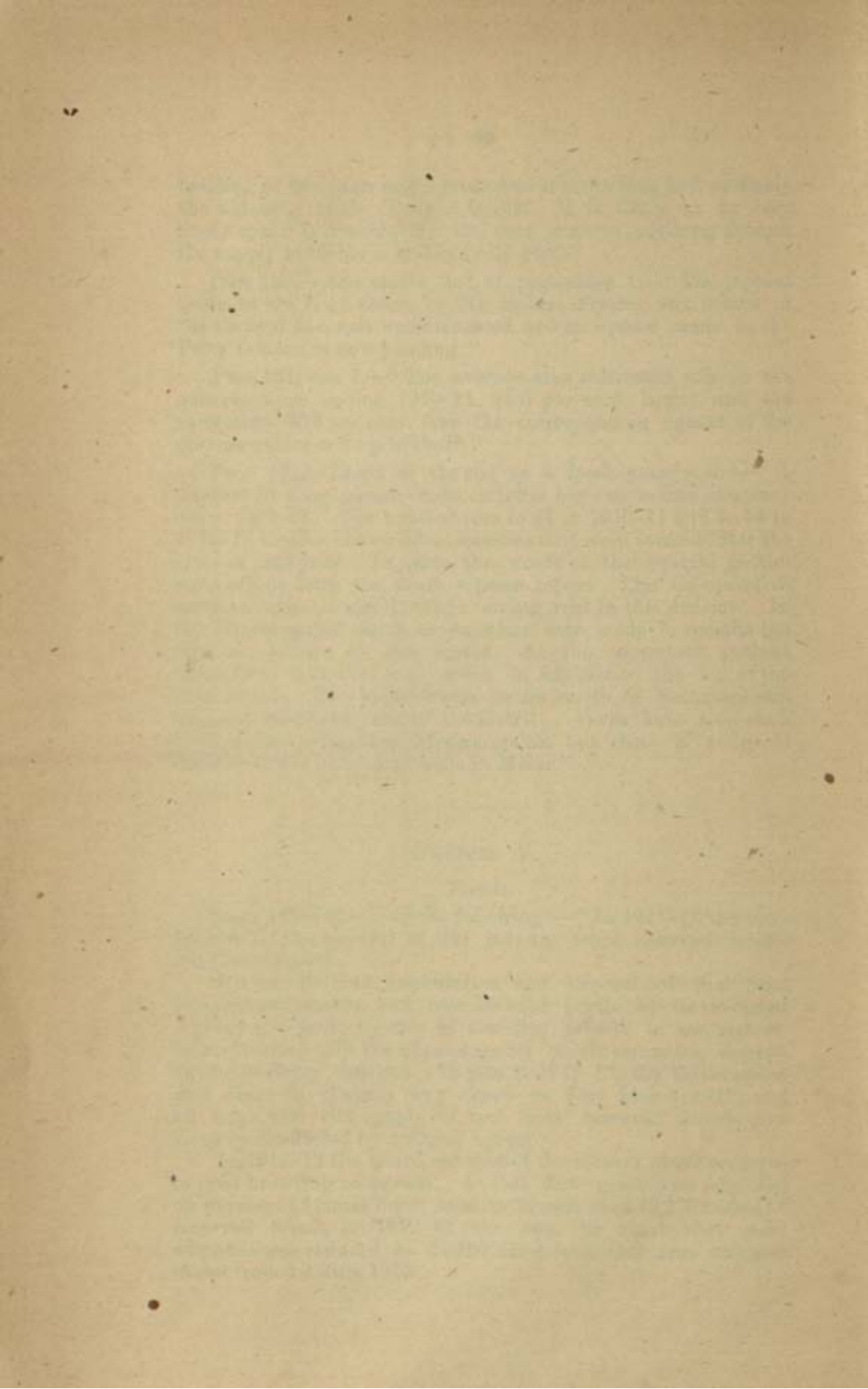
Forests.

Pages 142-143.—*Add* the following:—"In 1911-12 the issue permits for the removal of leaf manure from reserved forests was discontinued.

Up to 1911-12 exploitation and disposal of fuel from Government reserves had been effected partly by Government Agency and partly by sale of standing growth to contractors. In accordance with the general policy of Government, departmental working was put a stop to in 1912-13, the Government fuel depot in Madura was closed on 31st March 1912, and all extraction and supply of fuel from reserved forests has since been effected by contract agency.

In 1912-13 the Board sanctioned the closure of all reserves to goat browsing on permit. At that date goats were admitted on payment of annas 8 per head to browse over 43,520 acres of reserved forest, in 1913-14 the area to which they were admitted was reduced to 21,120 acres and this area was also closed from 1st July 1914.





The working plans sanctioned for the Kanavaipatti and Palamedu forest ranges and for the Cumbam forest range and described in volume I have since undergone revision and modification. Modified plans were sanctioned for Kanavaipatti range in 1907, for Palamedu range and also for Cumbam range in 1912. A special working plans officer has recently been deputed to draw up fresh plans for these areas so that at the present moment it is impossible to outline the schemes."

CHAPTER VI.

Page 147.—Add at the end of paragraph 2 :—"The appliances now in use provide for weaving fine figures on borders of cloth. These are said to have been in existence for over ten years prior to the publication of the present volume of the Gazetteer."

Weaving
appliances.

Page 148.—Insert before paragraph 1 :—"There has been no change in the dyeing process except in the solution to be used in the second step. The roots of imburan which were hitherto largely used for giving thread a red colour have been abandoned and to make up for this, German alizarine dye which was hitherto added in a small quantity to the solution is now mixed up in a larger proportion. The change is said to be due to the greater expense and trouble involved in the use of these roots for they are costlier and have to be well grounded before they can be used. Moreover a finer and deeper shade of red colour can be obtained by using German alizarine dye than imburan roots. Kayava leaves continue to be used as before. It is said that the decrease in the import of alizarine owing to the "European wars" has been creating a necessity for the use of imburan roots."

Dyeing.

Page 148.—Add at the end of paragraph 1 :—"The manufacture of this article still continues in the same way but on a smaller scale than before by a very few Musalmans to supply a demand from other parts which is not so great as it was some ten years back."

Gold and
silver thread.

Page 149.—Insert at the end of paragraph 1 :—"Messrs. Harvey's steam mill near Madura Railway station consumes annually more cotton than before. More buildings have also sprung up and the business is now on a larger scale."

Cotton
spinning.

During the last ten years several rice mills have been established, the biggest of them being near the Madura Bridge Railway station. This is very useful to the public.

Page 150.—Add at the end of paragraph 2 :—"Groundnut oil is also consumed to a larger extent. In fact this is the chief oil used for the preparation of confectionery and the merchants gain a good deal in this trade."

Oils.

Wood
carving.

Page 150.—Add at the end of paragraph 4:—“The Madura Technical Institute is now maintained by the Government and not by the District Board. Separate buildings are proposed to be constructed on the road to Tirupparankundram. Fancy articles are also made very finely by skilled art workmen as well as in metal.”

Export.

Page 151.—Insert at the end of paragraph 5:—“Groundnut is exported largely to Bombay and other parts from Madura.

Since 1907 the export of groundnut from the Madura and Melur taluks has become enormous. Both in the Periyar and non-Periyar tracts, this crop has taken the place of the ordinary cereals such as blackgram, dhol and horsegram, etc. This is exported to Madura town, where the oil is largely used for dyeing processes, to Bombay and even outside India.

There is a ginning factory at Tirumangalam owned by Messrs. Ralli Brothers on the eastern side of the Railway station. The season commences in February and closes by the end of August of each year. Cotton is being sent to this factory from all parts of this taluk and the Periyakulam taluk. Groundnuts are also purchased in this factory and exported to Bombay.”

CHAPTER VII.

Means of Communication—Roads.

Insert the following to supplement the information already given in the chapter:—

Their
existing
condition.

Page 154, paragraph 2.—“Madura now possesses 935 $\frac{3}{4}$ miles of maintained roads of which 852 $\frac{1}{2}$ miles are gravelled and metalled. Except the road from Bodinayakkanur to Kottagudi which is in charge of the Public Works Department, these are kept up by the Local Boards.”

The chief
routes.

Page 155, paragraph 2.—“The chief lines are: (a) from Trichinopoly district to Rāmnād frontier through Melur, Madura and Tirumangalam, (b) from Rāmnād district through Sathrusangarakottai and Melur to Madura, (c) from Madura to Dindigul, *via* Ammayanayakkanur and thence through Palni to the Coimbatore frontier, (d) from Ammayanayakkanur through Batlagundu and Periyakulam to the head of the Cumbam valley and the Periyar lake (Travancore frontier) and (e) from Madura through Ūsilampatti and Theni to Bodinayakkanur and thence to Kottagudi, a village at the foot of the Travancore hills, from which a steep track leads to the top of that range.

The
Kottagudi
ropeway.

Page 155, paragraph 3.—“Out of the 22 miles of mono-rail tramway, one mile lies in British territory and the rest in Travancore territory. The District Board and Government have

since permitted the construction of the tramway as far as it lies in their jurisdiction."

Page 155, paragraph 4.—"In the year 1909, an estimate for Rs. 5,65,155 was sanctioned and the work was recommenced by the Public Works Department. The estimate was revised in 1912 and now stands at Rs. 7,01,590. The road has now been opened for traffic. The ruling gradient is 1 in 17 and suited to motor-cars. The road ends at Ganguvarpatti, a village at the foot of the hills, which is connected by a metalled road of $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles in length with the main road from Ammayanayakkanur to Periyakulam. The total distance from Kodaikanal to the main road is about 36 miles and the Kodaikanal Road Railway station is 17 miles from this point. Motor service is now available on the main road."

Law's ghat
road to
Kodaikanal.

Page 156, middle paragraph.—"The construction of this ghat road was begun by the Public Works Department. But owing to unforeseen difficulties met with during execution, this ghat road could not be completed and was abandoned after a good deal of money had been spent. At the request of the planters and with the approval of Government, the ghat road as far as formed is now being maintained by the District Board in passable order at an annual cost of Rs. 1,000 supplemented by an annual contribution of Rs. 800 from the planters."

The Attur
ghat road.

Page 157, paragraph 3.—"The construction of a bridge across the Shanmuga Nadhi at a cost of Rs. 1,00,300 is now sanctioned by Government and the work has been put on hand. Bridges.

The Kunnur Ferry worked till November 1914 across the Suruliyar when a girder bridge of 4 spans of 66 feet each was completed by the Local Fund Department at a cost of Rs. 66,100 and opened for traffic.

The following bridges have also been built by the Local Fund Department and their cost was met equally from Provincial and Local Funds:—

(1) A stone arched bridge of 6 spans of 30 feet each across the Theniar river at Theni on the road from Periyakulam to Cumbam valley at a cost of Rs. 58,000,

(2) and another stone arched bridge of 3 spans of 25 feet each on the road from Dindigul to Palni across the Mangarai river at a cost of Rs. 24,000, and

(3) the construction of a bridge across the Varahanadhi river at Periyakulam at a cost of Rs. 84,000 is also sanctioned by Government and the work just begun."

Pages 158-159.—"A railway from Madura to Bodinayakkanur through Chekkanurani, Usilampatti, Theni and Andipatti is shortly to be constructed by the District Board. The line has been surveyed by the South Indian Railway Company and detailed estimates and plans have been prepared and submitted Railways.

for the sanction of the Board of Directors. The District Board have proposed to raise debenture loans to meet the cost of the construction of the railway and the orders of Government are being awaited."

CHAPTER VIII.

Page 166.—Add at the end of paragraph 3:—"In Tirumangalam taluk especially a large number of wells have been dug in various villages with the aid of state loans since 1905. The people cannot therefore be said to be now at the mercy of the seasons. 'Though the prices of food grains are dear, yet the coolies find labour and do not suffer.

In regard to Madura generally though there has been no famine in recent years yet the prices of food stuffs continue to be high."

Page 167.—Insert at the end of the page:—"There was a heavy flood in the Kodavanur river in January 1909."

CHAPTER IX.

Public health.

Fever.

Page 169.—Add the following at the end of paragraph 3:—"Enteric fever among Indians is distinctly common, especially in the large towns and more particularly in Madura city. It is known among Indians as three weeks' fever and finds a place in statistics usually under malarial fever.

Dengue and influenza have become common in epidemic form in recent years, Madura and Dindigul towns being the most severely attacked localities.

Tuberculosis.

This is met with principally in the form of Phthisis which seems to be rapidly on the increase more especially in Madura town which offers an extremely favourable nidus for the disease owing to acute congestion and over-crowding and very insanitary surroundings.

Parasite.

Anchylostomiasis or Hook-worm disease is common throughout the district and is the cause of a considerable amount of disability. Possibly it was introduced originally by coolies from Ceylon, but it is now present in endemic form. Guinea-worm disease is also common in several parts of the district, particularly in Nilakottai and Batlagundu.

Veneral diseases.

These are common to an appalling extent. The great endemic centres are the towns of Madura and Palni, where prostitutes abound, and practically none of whom escape these diseases. A

very large percentage of the patients admitted to the Madura Municipal Hospital are suffering from these diseases. Besides gonorrhœa and syphilis, infective granuloma is also common."

Pages 171-172.—Insert the following under several heads: Medical Institutions.
 "The medical institutions of the district comprise five Municipal, three Local Board, two Mission hospitals and three Municipal, fourteen Local Board and one Mission dispensaries. The Roman Catholic Mission maintains a hospital at Shembaganur.

"The hospital built in 1903 has now become too small to meet the demands made on it and as the present site does not admit of extension and the institution as a whole does not lend itself to improvements on modern lines a movement has been set on foot and is at present receiving the attention of Government for the provision of a new large General Hospital and a new Maternity Hospital built and equipped according to modern ideas. The Madura Hospital.

"This was completed in 1912 and the Chester Hospital and the women and children's dispensary are now located in buildings which have cost about Rs. 55,000 inclusive of price paid for site. Various improvements and additions are now under progress. The Dindigul Hospital.

"In Nilakottai taluk, a dispensary was opened at Alanganallur in April 1906. In Madura taluk a dispensary at Tirupparankundrum was opened on 1st August 1914. In Palni the dispensary at Chatrapatti has been removed to Keeranur on the 1st October 1913." Other institutions.

CHAPTER X.

Education.

Page 175.—Add at the end of paragraph 2:—"A fund is being raised to erect a building to house the sangam." Tamil Sangam.

Page 177.—Add at the end of the paragraph 1:—"In 1904, the College department was removed to Madura, and the High School there was put with the College under the management of the College Council. This school had been started in Madura as an Anglo-Vernacular school in 1864. American College.

"In 1905 a gift of money, nearly one lakh of rupees, was secured in America for a new site and buildings for the College. With this, nearly twenty acres of land was purchased in Tallakulam, north of the Vaigai river and a College Hall and a students' hostel were built.

"In 1911 funds were secured for a new Science Hall. In 1913 the College was affiliated as a First Grade College in Group II A—Physical science and Group V—History and Economics of the Madras University courses for the B.A. degree examination."

Madura
College.

Page 177—*Add* at the end of paragraph 2:—"In the year 1910-11 a second storey was added at a cost of about Rs. 21,000 including a Government contribution of Rs. 6,700. Gas and water plant have been installed at a cost of about Rs. 5,000. The attendance in the College classes is about 250. The institution is now managed by a Committee of Indian gentlemen incorporated under section 26 of the Indian Companies Act under the name of "The Madura College Board." Attached to it are three Lower Secondary Branches located in rented buildings."

Higher
Elementary
schools for
girls having
standards
above the
fourth.

Page 178.—*Insert* the following after paragraph 1:—"There are seven complete elementary schools for girls in the district, namely, the Government Girls' Schools at Madura and Dindigul, managed by the Educational Department, the Model School attached to the Capron Hall Training School for Mistresses, Madura, the R.C. Danappamudaliar's Street Girls' School, the R.C. East Gate and the Swedish Lutheran Mission Girls' Boarding Schools in the Madura town and the R.C. Girls' School at Dindigul—all under Mission management."

"The Sree Meenakshi Vidya Sala in the Madura Municipality has sixth as its highest standard and is under non-mission management."

CHAPTER XI.

Page 207.—*Insert* the following at the end of the page:—"In July 1910 certain divisional changes were made. The existing divisional charges are as follows:—Dindigul, Kodaikanal, Palni and Nilakottai taluks are now under the Divisional Officer of Dindigul, Madura taluk, with the exception of twenty villages and Melur taluk are under the Melur Divisional Deputy Collector. Madura head-quarters and these twenty villages are under the Head-quarters Deputy Collector. Periyakulam and Tirumangalam taluks were reconstituted as Usilampatti division whose head-quarters is Usilampatti, a union village attached to the Tirumangalam taluk. Quite recently from 1st April 1915, five villages of the Sāttūr taluk in the Rāmnād district have been transferred to the Tirumangalam taluk and in their place ten villages of the Tirumangalam taluk have been transferred to Aruppukkōttai taluk in the Rāmnād district."

"The appointments of Additional District Magistrate and Special Deputy Collector have now ceased to exist."

"Revision survey and settlement are at present in progress in the district."

Page 209.—*Add to the list on this page.*—

List of Collectors—*continued.*

Date of taking charge.	Names.
24th December 1908 ...	Mr. H. F. W. Gillman, I.C.S.,
11th April 1909 ...	Mr. J. F. Bryant "
11th May 1909 ...	Mr. A. Butterworth "
17th July 1909 ...	Mr. J. G. Burn "
9th October 1909 ...	Mr. A. Butterworth "
20th October 1910 ...	Mr. A. R. Knapp "
24th March 1911 ...	Mr. J. R. Huggins "
23rd May 1911 ...	Mr. A. R. Knapp "
3rd July 1911 ...	Mr. J. R. Huggins "
20th August 1911 ...	Mr. A. R. Knapp "
17th September 1911 ...	Mr. J. R. Huggins "
31st December 1911 ...	Mr. A. R. L. Tottenham "
24th January 1912 ...	Mr. A. R. Knapp "
27th March 1912 ...	Mr. J. R. Huggins "
27th April 1912 ...	Mr. A. R. Knapp "
10th July 1912 ...	Mr. W. A. Doig "
14th January 1913 ...	Mr. J. W. Glasson "
29th January 1913 ...	Mr. A. Fotheringham "
4th June 1913 ...	Mr. A. R. Knapp "
15th January 1915 ...	Mr. G. F. Paddison "

CHAPTER XII.

Page 212.—*Insert the following as the penultimate paragraph*—"Beer shops have been opened in Tirumangalam, Periyakulam, Bodinayakkanūr and Uttamapālaiyam."

Page 213.—*Insert at the end of paragraph 2*—"The incidence of income-tax has considerably increased owing to the assessment of the income from cardamom grown in the Travancore Hills brought into the Periyakulam taluk which borders on that territory."

CHAPTER XIII.

Administration of Justice.

Page 215.—*Add at the end of paragraph 2* :—" (1) A separate District Court has been established for the Rāmnād district and the Court of the Additional Sessions Judge, Madura, was abolished in June 1910. Judicial Courts.

"(2) There is now only one Subordinate District Court, namely, that of Madura.

"(3) An additional permanent District Munsif's Court, namely, that of Melur has been established at Madura and there are two additional Temporary District Munsifs' Courts, sitting one at Madura and the other at Dindigul."

Registration
Department.

Page 215.—*Substitute* the following for paragraph 5:—"The Registration of Assurances is effected in the usual manner. The District Registrar's office is located at Madura. The District Registrar is assisted by a joint Sub-Registrar working in his office. The former is in charge of the registration offices in the Rāmnād revenue district also but it is likely that a separate Registrar will be appointed for Rāmnād in the near future. There are 25 registration offices in Madura district and they include the Registrar's office, 4 sub-offices in Madura town and 20 other Sub offices. The latter are stationed at

Attur ..	...	...	...	...	Peraiyur.
Bodinayakkanur	...	...	...	...	Periyakulam.
Chatrapatti	...	...	...	...	Sindupatti.
Solavandan	...	...	...	...	Dindigul.
Kallikudi	...	...	...	...	Tamaraipatti.
Kodaikānal	...	...	...	...	Tirumangalam.
Melur	...	...	...	...	Usilampatti.
Natham	...	...	...	...	Uttamapalayam.
Nilakottai	...	...	...	...	Batlagundu.
Palni	...	...	...	...	Vedasandur.

"The office at Uttamapalayam is worked by two Sub-Registrars."

Criminal
Justice.

Page 215.—*Add* at the end of paragraph 6:—"A Special Magistrate exercises powers in Uttamapalayam also."

Crime.

Page 215.—*Substitute* for the penultimate paragraph:—"The district was bifurcated in June 1910, the district of Rāmnād being formed of the two Zamindaris of Rāmnād and Sivaganga of the old Madura district and the taluks of Sāttūr and Srīvilliputtūr of the Tinnevely district. From tables showing the average number of grave crimes in the various districts of the Presidency during the years 1904-09 (before the bifurcation of Madura and Rāmnād) and 1910-12 (after the bifurcation) it appears that the district continues to be one of the most criminal in the Presidency. In respect of murder the district ranks next to Coimbatore and in respect of cattle-theft next but one to Coimbatore which heads all the districts in the Presidency.

"Dacoities of travellers on the public roads are comparatively rare and special talayaris paid from Police funds patrol all the important roads in the district in conjunction with the regular police."

Criminal
castes.

Page 216.—*Substitute* for the first sentence of paragraph 1:—"A very large proportion of the crime is committed by one caste, the kallars. These people are very clever at cattle-lifting and they use the several mountain passes in the district to carry

The first thing I noticed when I stepped out of the car was the cold. It was a sharp contrast to the warm blanket I had been sitting under. I looked up at the sky, which was a pale, hazy blue. The air was still, and there was a sense of quiet solitude. I took a deep breath, feeling the cool air fill my lungs. The ground beneath my feet was soft and uneven, covered in a layer of dry leaves and grass. I walked slowly, my steps echoing in the silence. The sun was low in the sky, casting a long, soft glow over the landscape. I felt a sense of peace and tranquility, as if I had found a hidden oasis in a desert of noise and chaos.

I continued to walk, my mind wandering to the thoughts that had been swirling in my head for days. I thought about the people I had met, the places I had been, and the things I had seen. It all felt like a dream, a beautiful and fleeting dream. I wanted to hold onto it, to make it real, but I knew that I couldn't. I had to let it go, to move on. I took another deep breath, feeling the cool air fill my lungs. The ground beneath my feet was soft and uneven, covered in a layer of dry leaves and grass. I walked slowly, my steps echoing in the silence. The sun was low in the sky, casting a long, soft glow over the landscape. I felt a sense of peace and tranquility, as if I had found a hidden oasis in a desert of noise and chaos.

I stopped for a moment, looking back over my shoulder. The path I had walked was now behind me, a trail of dry leaves and grass leading away from me. I felt a sense of loss, as if I had left something behind. But I knew that I had to go on. I took a deep breath, feeling the cool air fill my lungs. The ground beneath my feet was soft and uneven, covered in a layer of dry leaves and grass. I walked slowly, my steps echoing in the silence. The sun was low in the sky, casting a long, soft glow over the landscape. I felt a sense of peace and tranquility, as if I had found a hidden oasis in a desert of noise and chaos.

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away their booty. These passes are being guarded by 'Ghat Talayaries' paid from Police funds. Steps are being taken to see if these people can be reclaimed and among the means employed may be mentioned the establishment of Co-operative Credit Societies and the introduction of the Criminal Tribes Act in some of the important kallar villages. By the introduction of this Act the kallars of the district would be brought under more strict surveillance and better control, than by casual checks by Police constables."

Page 217.—Add at the end of paragraph 4:—"The district is divided into circles each in charge of an Inspector who has about 6 stations to control and each station is in charge of officers called Sub-Inspectors. The old Police force has been reorganised after the recommendation of the Police Commission in 1902-03 and the strength of the force both morally and numerically has been considerably increased."

Present
Police
system.

APPENDIX TO CHAPTER XIII.

Page 219.—Add at the end of the list:—

8th July 1908	...	...	Mr. A. C. Dutt,	I.O.S.
31st July 1908	...	...	Mr. F. H. Hamnett	"
2nd July 1911	...	...	Mr. D. G. Waller	"
12th December 1911	...	...	Mr. J. G. Burn	"
2nd January 1914	...	...	Mr. B. C. Smith	"
23rd March 1914	...	...	Mr. J. G. Burn	"

District and
Sessions
Judges—
continued.

CHAPTER XIV.

Pages 220-221.—Insert the following:—"The four Taluk Boards are now those of Madura, Melur, Usilampatti and Dindigul. The last two Taluk Boards were constituted in 1910, Usilampatti comprising the revenue taluks of Periyakulam and Tirumangalam, Dindigul those of Dindigul, Palni, Nilakottai and the Deputy Tahsildar division of Kodaikanal.

The Local
Boards.

The number and names of the unions under the several Taluk Boards are now as follows:—Some transfers having taken place owing to the reconstitution of the Taluk Boards, under the Madura Taluk Board, Tirupparankundrum Union formed in 1911; under the Melur Taluk Board those at Melur and Natham; under the Usilampatti Taluk Board those at Tirumangalam, Usilampatti, Peraiyur, Melmangalam, Keelmangalam, Bodinayakkanur, Chinnamanur, Uthamapalayam, Cumbam, Gudalur; under the Dindigul Taluk Board, Nilakottai, Ayyampalayam, Batlagundu, Vedasandur, Ayakkudi, Neikarapatti, Solavandan and Kiranur formed in 1913.

The chief item of income in these unions is the house-tax but the maximum rate is only levied in nine of them, three-fourths maximum in six and half maximum in the remaining six. In

1913-14 the highest average assessment (Rs. 2-11-5) was in Tirupparankundrum under the Madura Taluk Board and the lowest in Neikarapatti annas 7 pies 5 under the Dindigul Taluk Board. Tolls are now levied at the maximum rate allowed by the Act with effect from April 1914.

As a consequence of the redistribution of the revenue taluks in the new Madura district in 1910 among the reconstituted divisions, alterations were naturally made in the electoral circles and in the number of members which each circle returns to the Taluk Board. The elective proportion of the Taluk Board was also enhanced in 1912 from one-third to one half."

Page 221.—Insert at the end of this page :—" Proposals have a second time been submitted recommending the constitution of Bodinayakanur into a municipality and orders from Government are awaited."

Madura
Municipality.

Page 224.—Insert at the end of paragraph 2 :—" The scheme before the Council in 1905 for cutting a trench some two miles up the river and laying in it an 18-inch stoneware pipe was not carried out. The additional supply of water during the dry season was obtained in the usual way by excavating a supply channel in the bed of the river higher up the filter bed. With the rapid growth of the town the supply of water became inadequate. Consequently in 1913, Government sanctioned an experimental additional water-supply scheme at a cost of 11 lakhs of rupees. Towards this expenditure Government made a free grant of half the sum and sanctioned a loan of the other half repayable in 30 annual instalments."

Drainage.

Page 225.—Add at the end of paragraph 1 :—" After considering various schemes, Government finally sanctioned a general underground drainage scheme at a cost of Rs. 22 lakhs. Towards this also Government made a free grant of half the sum and sanctioned the loan of the other half repayable in 30 annual instalments.

The accumulations of the reserve drainage and water-tax fund up to 1st April 1915 amount to Rs. 1,80,000. Both the works were put on hand during the latter half of 1913 and the execution of the work was placed in charge of a special Executive Engineer under the supervision of the Sanitary Superintending Engineer with the Government of Madras. The works are expected to be finished about 1920."

Dindigul
water-
supply.

Page 226.—Add at the end of paragraph 1 :—" The Government have sanctioned an estimate of Rs. 63,050 for extending the infiltration gallery and improving the water-supply. The first portion of the scheme is under progress, Government having undertaken to bear its cost amounting to Rs. 32,564."

Periyakulam
Municipality.

Page 227.—Insert before paragraph 1 :—" The suspension bridge was completed in 1908 and two separate bridges for the

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Page 123 - [Faint text, likely bleed-through from the reverse side of the page]

Page 124 - [Faint text, likely bleed-through from the reverse side of the page]

Page 125 - [Faint text, likely bleed-through from the reverse side of the page]

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Page 129 - [Faint text, likely bleed-through from the reverse side of the page]

Varahanadhi and Pambar rivers were sanctioned in 1914 and are now under construction.

Plans have been sanctioned by Government for the construction of a new hospital at a cost of Rs. 41,700 to be met entirely from Provincial funds. The work is to be started shortly and a site has been acquired at a cost of Rs. 11,040 and handed over to the municipality.

A scheme for a water-supply from the Berijam project was brought into effect in 1912 and is working well. Water from the Berijam reservoir in the hills is conveyed to the town by the Varahanadhi channel. About $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles west of the town a small dam is erected to force the water into an off-take and screening chamber, thence it is taken to four filter beds by a ten feet steel pipe and let into storage reservoirs which are two in number. The present distributive arrangement consists of two principal mains, 21 fountains and two hydrants and the whole scheme cost Rs. 1,92,670 of which one half was met by Government as a free gift. Forty-nine additional fountains have been sanctioned for erection in different parts of the town the existing number being insufficient. One half the cost is being met by loan from Government. The supply of pure drinking water has effected a great diminution in epidemic cholera in Periyakulam.

A preliminary investigation of a water-supply scheme for the villages of Gudalur, Cumbam, Uthamapalayam and Chinna-manur has been made. The cost of the scheme to supply these four towns with Periyar water is estimated at $6\frac{1}{4}$ lakhs of rupees with the annual working charges at Rs. 4,100. The source of supply is water from the Periyar tunnel. If the scheme be found financially practicable by the local board further investigation will be made. The water to be drawn off the Vairavanar river above Kuruvanuthu bridge will pass through roughing filters and be conveyed by about 20 miles of cast iron pipes to those villages."

Page 227.—Add at the end of the page:—"The water works scheme has since been carried through by the Public Works Department, Government meeting half the cost of the scheme. House connections are being made and public fountains have been erected and are in use throughout the Settlement. With regard to the Tinnevely Settlement the Council has resolved that when funds are available a pipe line will be run as far as the Parapur bridge. This is probably all that could be done without a large expenditure. Most of the land near Pillar Rocks road being either reserved forest or unsuitable for building purposes, the water-supply question for that part is not a pressing one."

Kodaikanal.

CHAPTER XV.

Insert the following to supplement the information given in the chapter :—

Dindigul
taluk.

Page 232, line 1.—"A new travellers' bungalow has been built east of the Railway station. The approximate cost is Rs. 7,500 and was divided equally between the Municipal Council and the District Board. A fine building has been recently constructed by Government as a training school for teachers. A girls' school is maintained by Government."

Kodaikanal
taluk.

Page 253 (end).—"The question of the water-supply has been dealt with in the notes to Chapter XIV. After the model of the St. Andrews Colonial Homes at Kalinpong the St. Georges Homes at Kodaikanal have been started. The Homes are for the Eurasian children of South India and stand for a recognition of the needs of that part of the Indian population which has long been neglected. The large number of European and Eurasian children who were not attending the school and also of those whose present educational training would ever leave them sadly handicapped in life urgently demanded in South India an organization after the model of that at Kalinpong. A suggestion to this effect was made in 1910 and as a result of the efforts made by the projectors the Homes were able to start work in 1914."

Madura.

Page 259, paragraph 1.—"The European club removed from Sandaipettai to the race course in January 1909 occupied at first a thatched building which was afterwards retained as club property. The present fine terraced building was opened in October 1909. There are now three tennis courts and a billiard room. A system of electric lighting and electric fans was introduced in March 1915 and proposals have been approved by a general meeting for erecting a ladies' pavillion with dancing floor. The membership now stands at 103. There is also a golf course in the area comprised by the race course and a gymkhana club in connection with the European club. Opposite the club there is now the new Bank house while several other official residences have been built about the race-course."

The Cosmopolitan club has also its club buildings on the race course. The main building is expected to be finished by July 1915, the foundation stone having been laid by the Hon'ble Mr. Butterworth, I.C.S. The games include tennis, billiards and the present strength of the club is 49 resident and 23 non-resident members.

Work on the Tamkam has been completed and the new residential part is now inhabited."

Melur taluk.

Page 288, paragraph 2.—"Six miles north of Melur on the way to Kottampatti there is an interesting fresh water spring

about a furlong east of the road. It issues from a rocky hill and the base of the hill has been encircled with a bund so that a considerable tank has been formed. A modern inscription on a stone post adjoining the road marks the position of the spring."

Page 292, paragraph 1.—"A forest road from Palamedu to Ramayampatti and a road from Mullipallam to Peranai were opened in 1912. The total population of the taluk is 199,262 (1911 census)."

Nilakottai taluk.

Page 292, paragraph 2.—"A motor bus now runs from the station to the tope superseding the old bullock tongas."

Ammayana-yakkanur.

Page 298, last paragraph.—"A Sub-Registrar's office was opened here in April 1914."

Batlag und u.

Page 303, line 9.—"Idayacottai has now been handed over to the Zamindar."

Palni taluk.

Page 303, paragraph 2.—"Kiranur was constituted a Union in 1913. The dispensary previously located at Chatrapatti was transferred to Kiranur in the same year. Recently the branch post office has been converted into a telegraph office."

Kiranur.

Page 308, paragraph 2.—"This estate was sold to Voerappa Chettiay of Devakottai for Rs. 3,75,000 in December 1907 and the Ayyakkudi Zamin was redeemed. The estate is solely in the possession and management of the sale purchaser and yields an annual income of Rs. 45,000 of which Rs. 12,000 and odd is paid to Government on account of peishcush and Rs. 4,500 for land cess and railway cess."

Rettayambali.

Page 312, end of paragraph 1.—"The ryots in Cumbam valley villages have lately acquired large extent of lands for cardamom cultivation in the adjoining Travancore hills. The estates export their produce in this taluk and draw most of their labour and supplies from here. The ryots owning such estates have grown richer. The income derived here from the cardamom estates is being assessed to income-tax from 1914. Consequently the amount of income-tax has considerably increased."

Periyakulam taluk.

Page 313, paragraph 1.—"At Theni where there is the biggest weekly market it is contemplated to open a flag station to the proposed Railway line."

Allinagaram.

Page 313, paragraph 2.—"Here also it is contemplated to open a flag station."

Andipatti.

Page 313, last paragraph.—"It is the terminus of the proposed railway line. Kamulu Ammal continues to be the proprietrix of the estate."

Bodinayakanur.

Page 316, last paragraph.—"Akkulam continues to be the proprietrix of the estate."

Erasakkannayakanur.

Guntama-
nayakkanur.

Page 317, paragraph 1.—"The Zamindar died and his widow Velathai Ammal succeeded. Towards the liquidation of the debts the zamin excluding the Vallanadhi sub-division has been sold by the Madura District Court in virtue of the decree in Original Suit 65 of 1897 on the file of the Tinnevely Sub-Court, E.P. 7 of 1913 on the file of the Madura District Court and purchased by Messrs. Rosher & Co. The estate is now under the management of the Court Receiver and it is likely to pass into the hands of the auction purchaser shortly."

Kombai.

Page 319, last paragraph.—"The well-known kombai dogs of good breed have become very rare as nobody takes interest in breeding them now."

Periyakulam.

Page 320, last paragraph.—"The number of elective seats on the council was raised from 4 to 6 in 1908. A scheme for the diversion of the drainage of the town is under preparation. Lands have been acquired in Thengarai and Vadagarai for town extension providing for about 150 houses and this ought materially to benefit the sanitary condition of the town. The council has also undertaken the provision of houses for the scavengers employed by it. The new water-supply has been referred to in the notes on Chapter XIV."

Tevaram.

Page 321, paragraph 2.—"Bangaru Ammal continues to hold the estate."

Vadagarai.

Page 322, last paragraph.—"On M.R.Ry. V. Ramabhadra Nayudu has been conferred the title of Diwan Bahadur. He is a Fellow of the Madras University. He is also the present Zamindar of Doddappanayakkanur. He continues to be the Chairman of the Periyakulam Municipal Council."

Doddappa-
nayakkanur.

Page 326, paragraph 1.—"Kadiraynswami Doddappanayakkar succeeded to the estate on the death of his father on the 15th November 1909. He was a minor under the guardianship of his mother when the first gazetteer was prepared. The zamin-dari was encumbered to a considerable extent and it was therefore brought to sale in the Sub-Court, Madura West and purchased by M.R.Ry. the Hon'ble Dewan Bahadur V. Ramabhadra Nayudu Garu Avargal of Vadagarai."

Elumalai.

Page 326, paragraph 2.—"Vadamalai Tiruvanada Muthu-swami Thevan succeeded to the estate on the death of his father on the 27th June 1911. He is a minor under the guardianship of the present Zamindar of Seithur."

Jothilnayak-
kanur.

Page 326, paragraph 3.—"The present proprietor Gurunatha Jothil Nayakkar, who was then a minor under the guardianship of his mother at the time of the publication of the last gazetteer, has now become a major."

Peraiyur.

Page 328, paragraph 2.—"Muthuvijaya Regunatha Kodimudi Thumbayaswami Thummichi Nayakkar succeeded to the estate on the death of his father on 22nd November 1909."

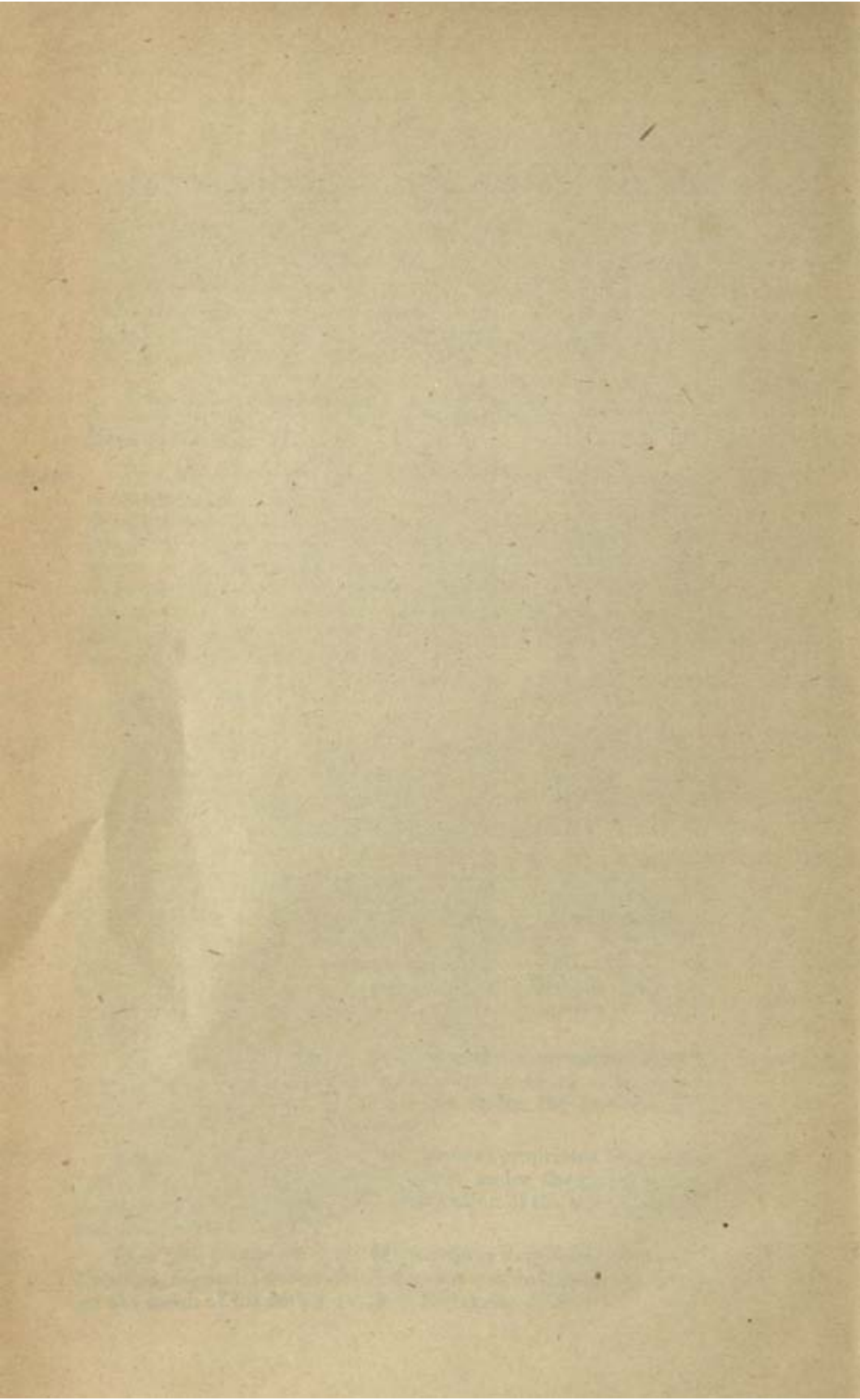
Page 117, paragraph 1. - Edward Ward, a Representative from Massachusetts, says that he visited the office of the death of the latter on the 10th of April 1854. The body was found under the floorboards of the bed-room of the deceased. The cause of death was ascertained to be the result of a violent blow.

Page 118, line 1. - The same day, the body of the deceased was removed from the office of the death of the latter on the 10th of April 1854. The body was found under the floorboards of the bed-room of the deceased. The cause of death was ascertained to be the result of a violent blow.

Page 119, paragraph 1. - The same day, the body of the deceased was removed from the office of the death of the latter on the 10th of April 1854. The body was found under the floorboards of the bed-room of the deceased. The cause of death was ascertained to be the result of a violent blow.

"It is stated on the 10th of April 1854, that the body of the deceased was removed from the office of the death of the latter on the 10th of April 1854. The body was found under the floorboards of the bed-room of the deceased. The cause of death was ascertained to be the result of a violent blow.

Page 120, paragraph 1. - The same day, the body of the deceased was removed from the office of the death of the latter on the 10th of April 1854. The body was found under the floorboards of the bed-room of the deceased. The cause of death was ascertained to be the result of a violent blow.



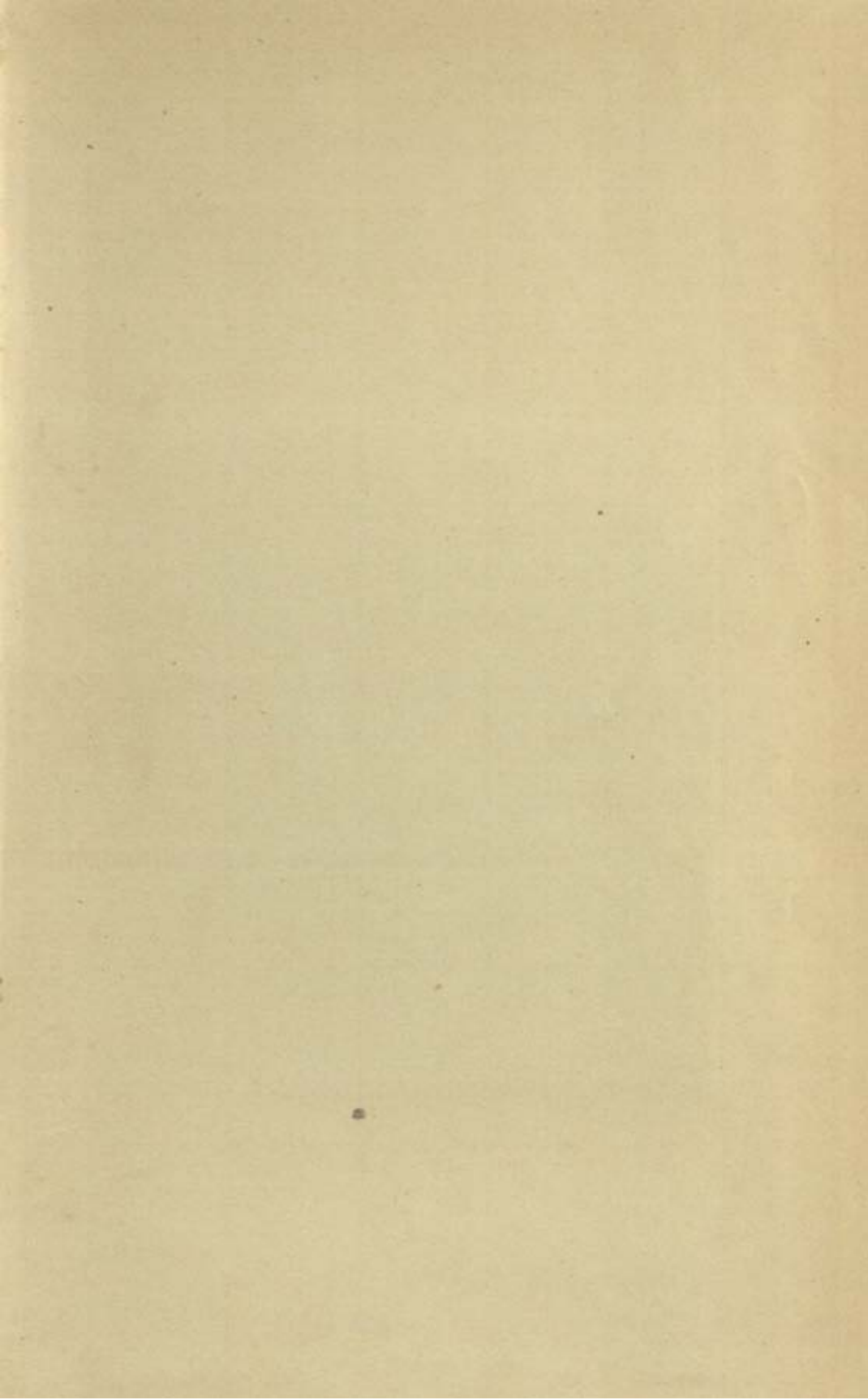
Page 329, paragraph 1.—"Kattari Nagaya Kamarajendra Ramaswami Kamaya Nayakkar succeeded to the estate on the death of his father on 8th December 1906. He is a minor under the guardianship of the Collector of Madura. The estate is under the management of the Court of Wards since 1906." Saptur.

Page 329, last paragraph.—"Tirumangalam. The headquarters of the Tirumangalam District Munsif's Court were removed from Madura to Tirumangalam in 1909. The town has since risen in importance and is now in a flourishing condition. It is also the centre of cotton and groundnut trade in this taluk since a ginning factory has been opened quite close to the Railway station. This factory is owned by Messrs. Ralli Bros., and they export cotton and groundnut to Bombay on a large scale." Tirumangalam taluk.

Page 330, paragraph 1.—"Muthuswami Uthappa Nayakkar succeeded to the estate on the death of his father on the 19th March 1913." Uthappanayakkanur.

"It is situated on the eighth mile from Usilampatti in the Usilampatti-Tirumangalam road. A Sub-Registrar's office has been recently opened there from 1st April 1914. There is a Vishnu temple of some note in the village. There is a belief in those parts that people who are unable to proceed to Tirupathi can pay their vows in this shrine. A tasdik allowance of Rs. 775-5-6 is being paid to the temple annually as beriz deduction by Government. There is a flagstaff in the temple which is held in special veneration and it is resorted to for purposes of solemn affirmation when litigants in civil suits agree to have their disputes so settled." Sindupatti.

Page 330, paragraph 1.—"Usilampatti once the abode of notorious cattle-lifters has now become a place of much importance since the location of the Deputy Collector's office there. There is at present under contemplation a proposal to open a District Board railway from Madura to Bodinayakkanur through Usilampatti. In the event of this being accomplished, the place is likely to become a centre of trade in the taluk as one of the biggest markets in the district is located there." Usilampatti.



Carl
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NK

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